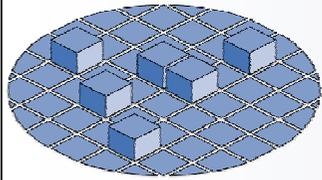


UniGrids

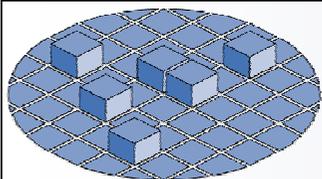
Integration of GridFTP in UNICORE

First UNICORE Summit
Sophia Antipolis, 12 Oct 2005

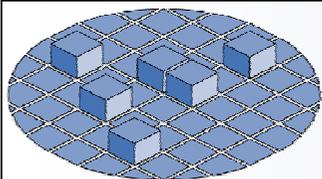
Simone Lanzarini, CINECA
s.lanzarini@ Cineca.it



- ❏ Why do we need to integrate GridFTP in Unicore?
- ❏ What's Unicore ARFT?
- ❏ ARFT architecture
- ❏ ARFT performance
- ❏ ARFT over "slow" connections
- ❏ What's next

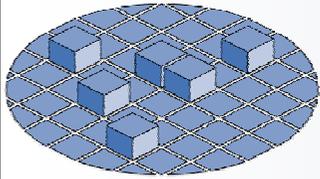


- Scenario: multi-site job where a huge amount of data has to be transferred between sites
- The UNICORE internal file transfer mechanism (UPL) is not optimal for transfers of large amounts of data both between clients and Vsites and among Vsites.
- NJS has been extended to use Alternative File Transfer (AFT) mechanisms
- Globus 4.0 Reliable File Transfer (RFT) as an Alternative File Transfer for Unicore: **Alternative Reliable File Transfer (ARFT)**

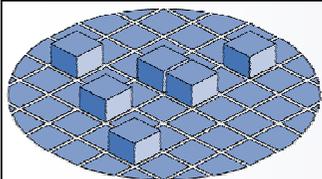


UniGrids

Why Globus RFT?

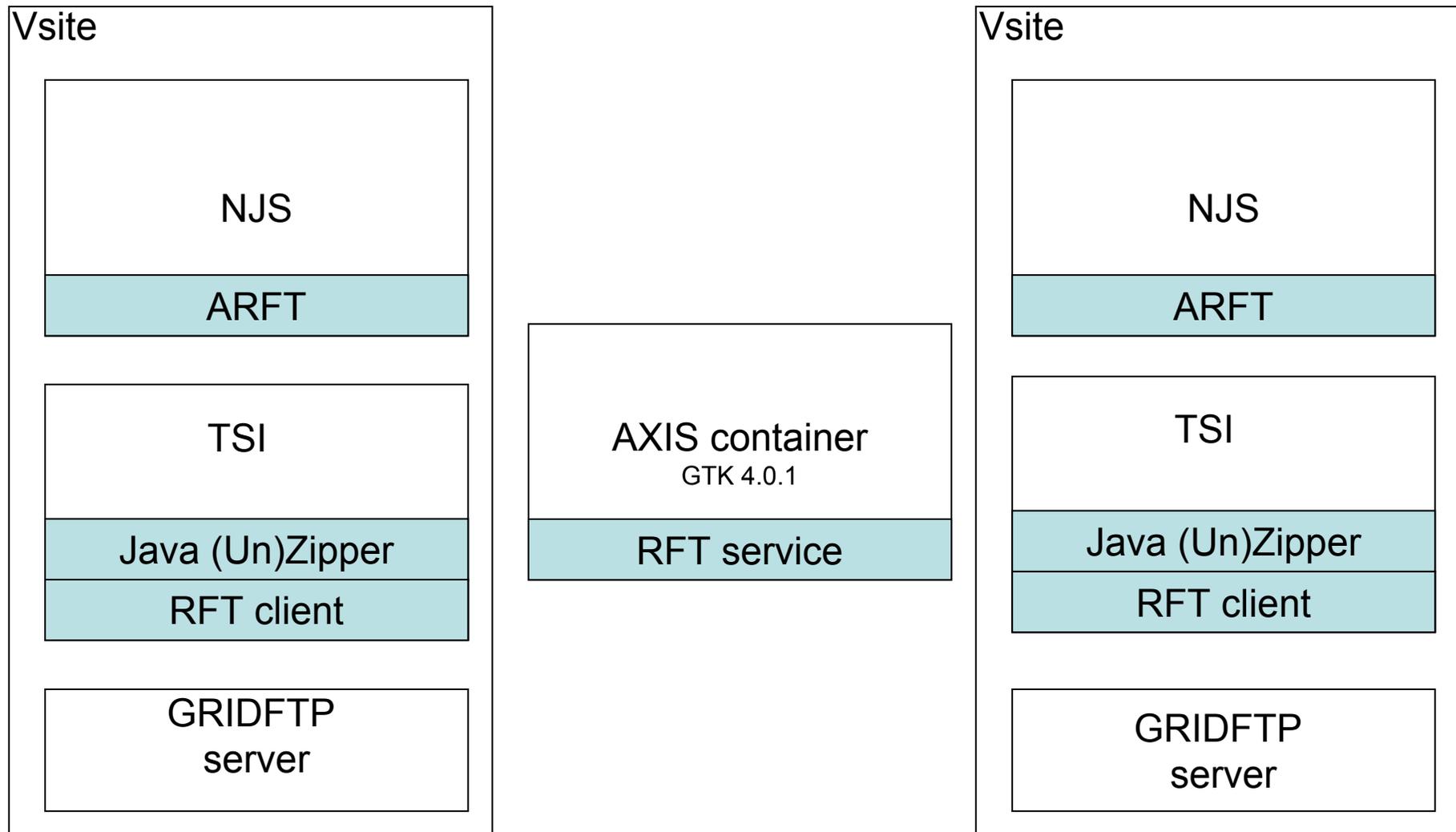
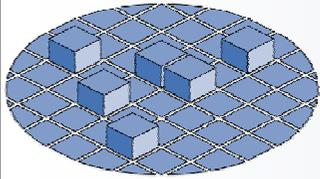


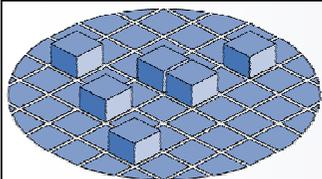
- GridFTP is the de-facto standard for file transfers in Grid environments
- Globus RFT inherits performance and features provided by GridFTP:
 - ◆ third-party control of data transfer
 - ◆ parallel / striped data transfer
 - ◆ partial file transfer
 - ◆ manual control of TCP buffer size
- Plus other features:
 - ◆ Transfer state is stored in a persistent manner:
 - in case of failure the transfer can be started from the last restart marker recorded
 - ◆ WSRF compliant



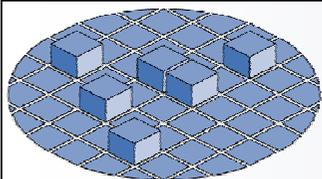
UniGrids

ARFT architecture





- ❖ ARFT is transparently used for transfers
 - ◆ The job must contain a transfer task between two Vsites
 - ◆ Both Vsites have to be properly set-up in order to support GridFTP transfers.
 - ◆ The Unicore Client uses the GlobusProxy plugin to automatically generate the proxy certificate needed to GSI



The screenshot displays the UNICORE Client software interface. The main window is titled "UNICORE Client" and has a menu bar with "File", "Job Preparation", "Job Monitoring", "Settings", "Extensions", and "Help".

Job Preparation View:

- Left pane: "Job Preparation" tree showing "Transfer_Job [11:59:10 08/10/2005]" with sub-items "New_Import1", "New_Script2", "Transfer_Task", "Remote_Job", and "Remote_Script".
- Right pane: "UNICORE Site" list with "CINECA-GW", "Lanza-GW", and "Vanni-GW".
- Bottom right: "Dependencies" and "Special Settings" tabs. "Task Dependencies" is visible.

Job Monitoring View:

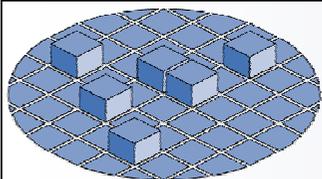
- Left pane: "Job Monitoring" tree showing "CINECA-GW" with sub-items "CINECA_BROKER <Broker>", "CLX <NJS>", "CLX2 <NJS>", "Lanza-GW", "PC-SLANZARINI <NJS>", "PC-VANNI <NJS>", and "Vanni-GW".
- Right pane: "Virtual Site" list with "PC-SLANZARINI <NJS>" and "PC-VANNI <NJS>".

Overlaid Dialog Boxes:

- UNICORE: Resource Info:** Displays AFTGridFTP version 4.4 and capabilities for various sites (PC-SLANZARINI, PC-VANNI, A3K, CLX). It includes sections for "Contexts" (MakeReturnCodeDecision, PERL, KORN_SHELL, BOURNE_SHELL, C_SHELL) and "Capacities" (Node, Processor).
- UNICORE: Proxycertificate Plugin Defaults:** A configuration dialog for the proxy certificate plugin. It includes a time field set to "12:00:00", radio buttons for "Key size (bytes)" (512, 1024, 2048, 4096), and a "Limited proxy" checkbox.

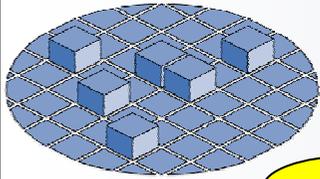
Job Flow Diagram:

```
graph TD; New_Import1 --> Transfer_Task; Transfer_Task --> Remote_Job; Remote_Job --> New_Script2;
```

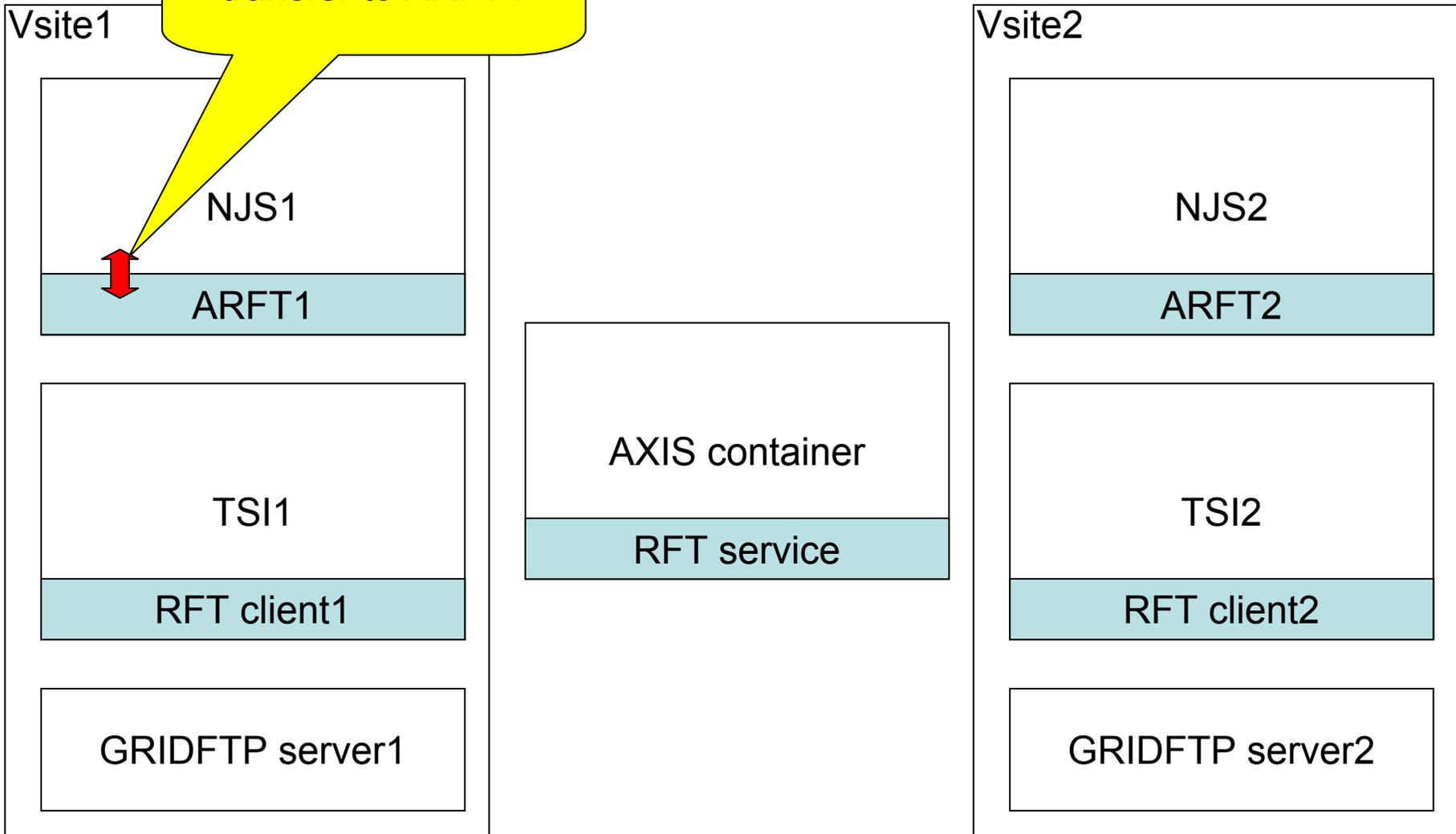


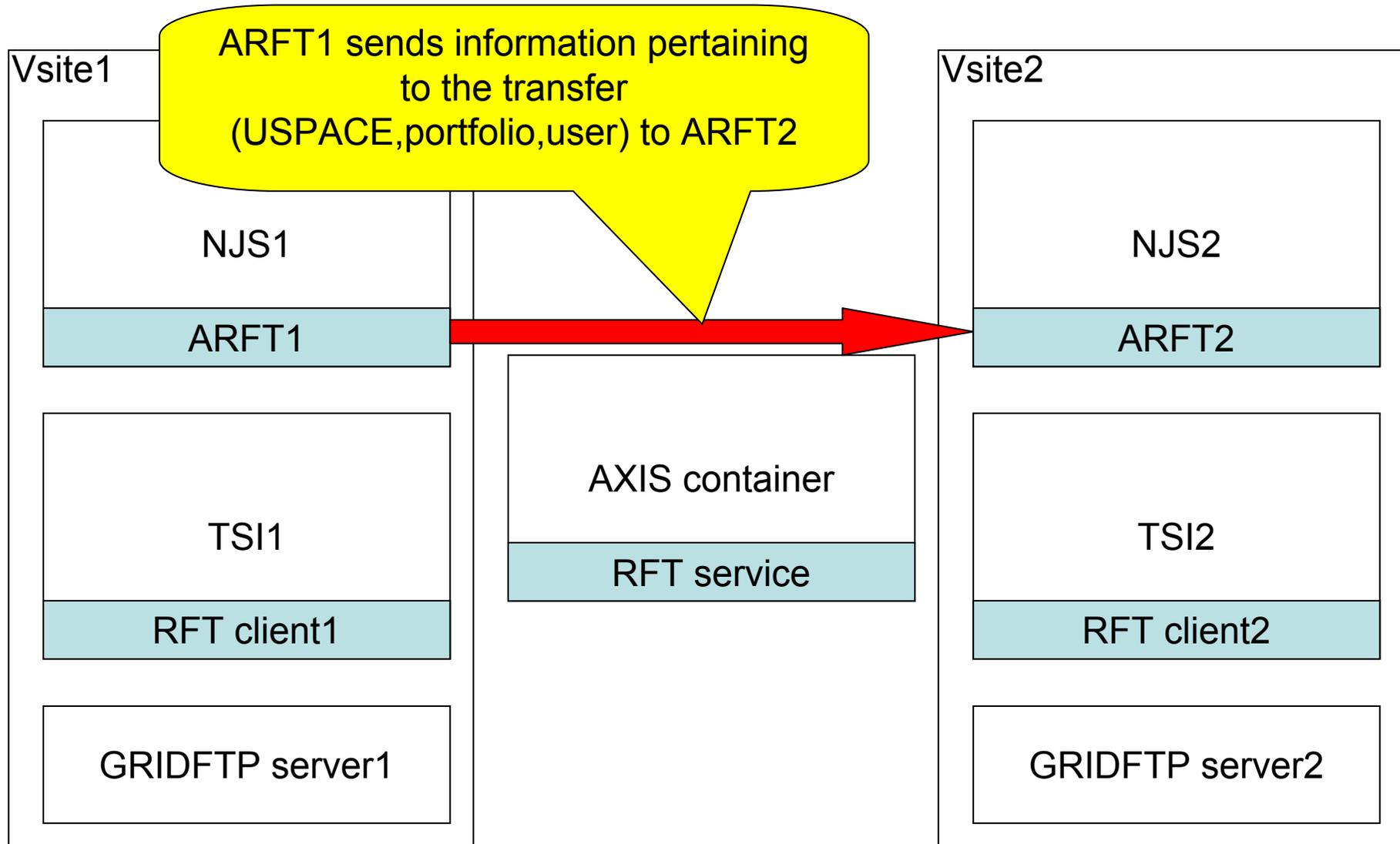
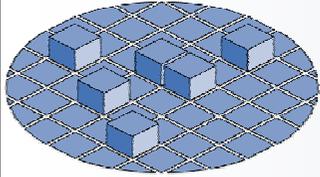
UniGrids

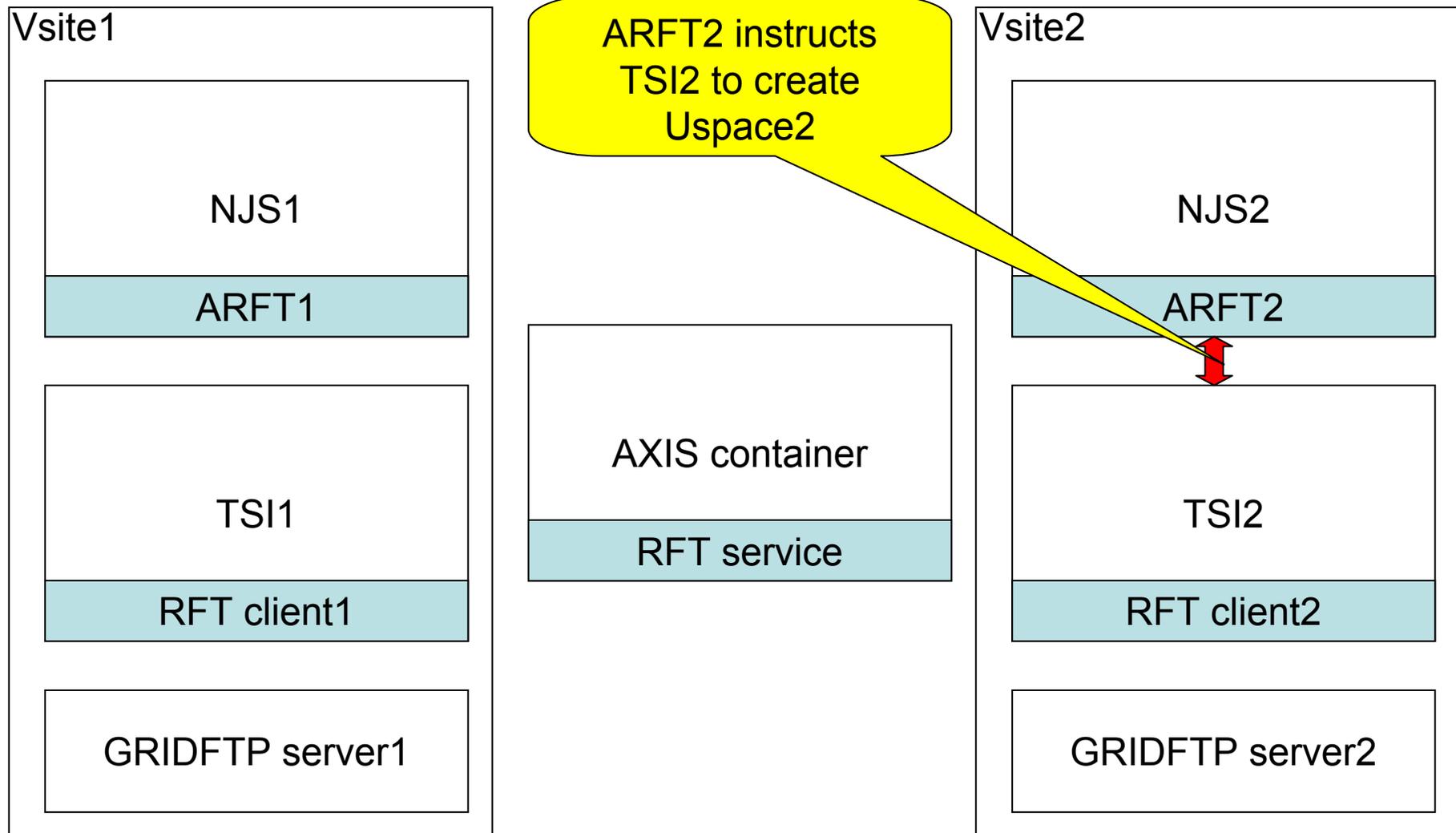
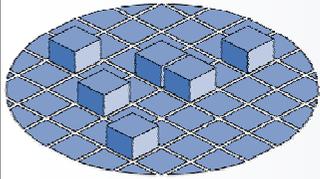
ARFT communications

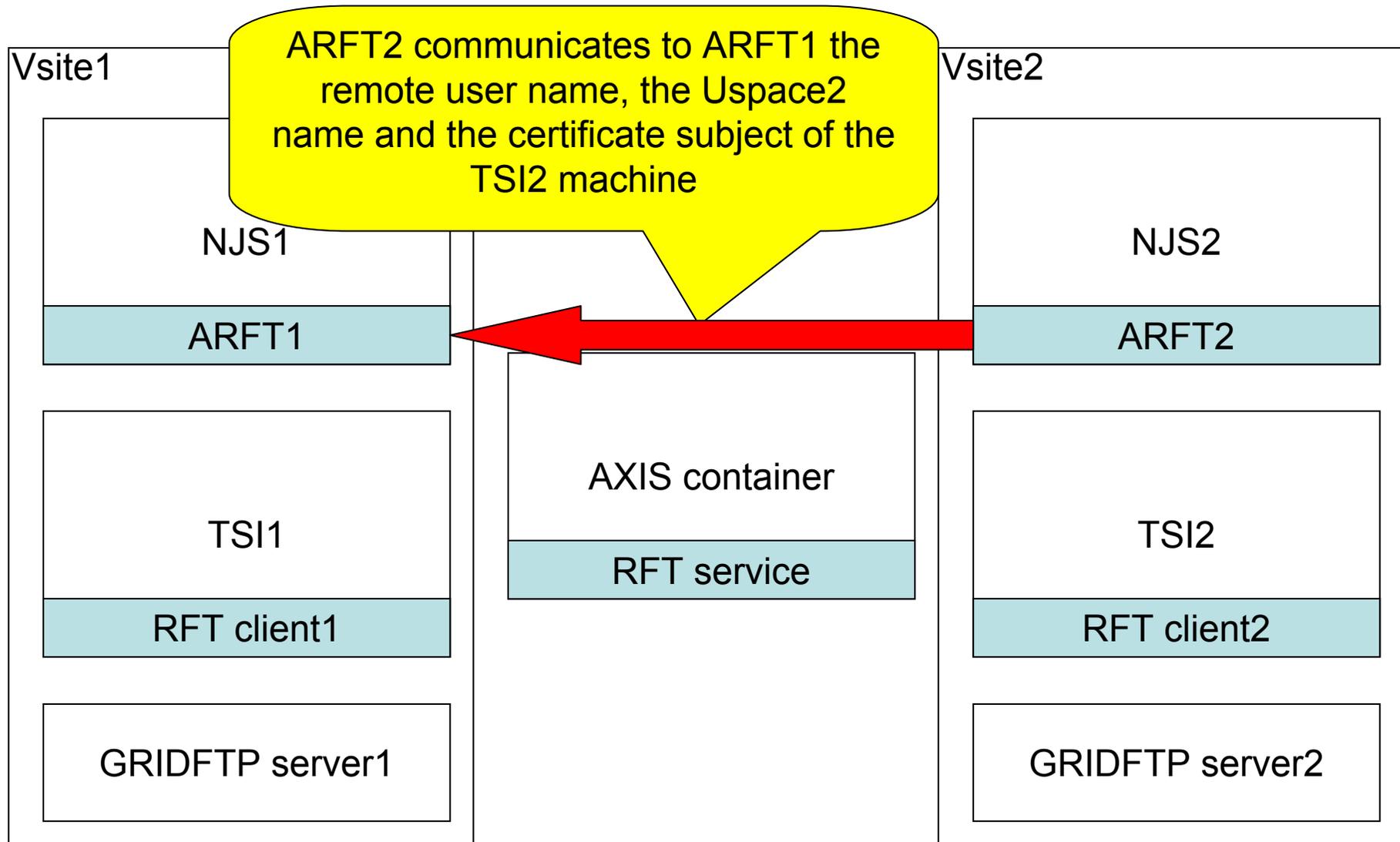
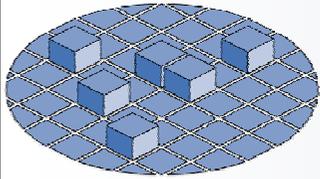


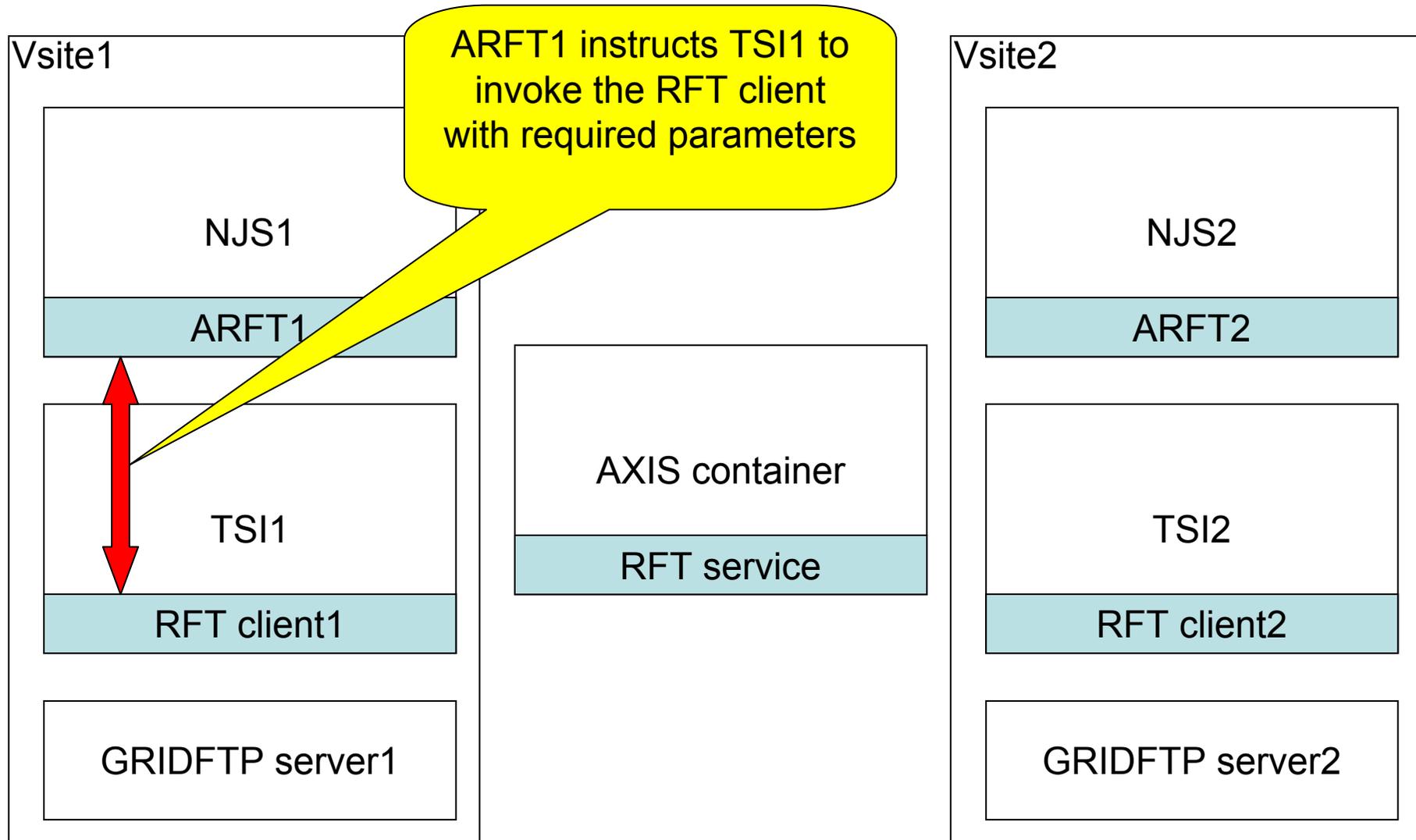
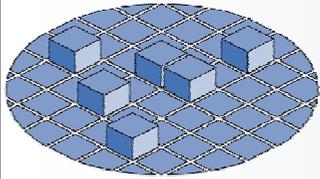
NJS1 requests a file transfer to ARFT1

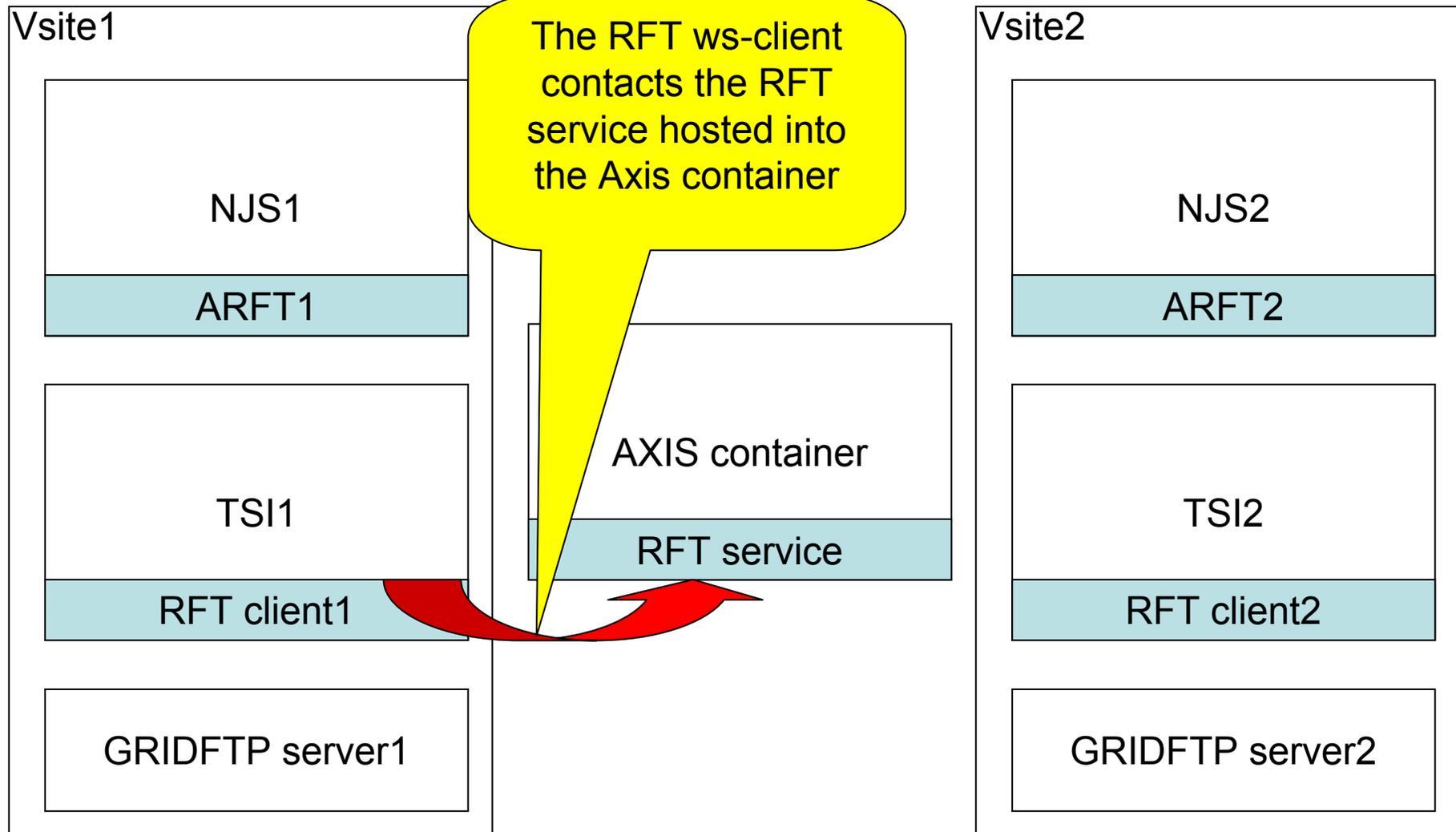
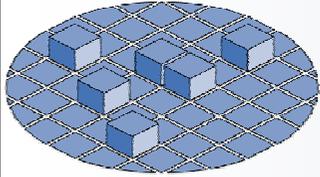


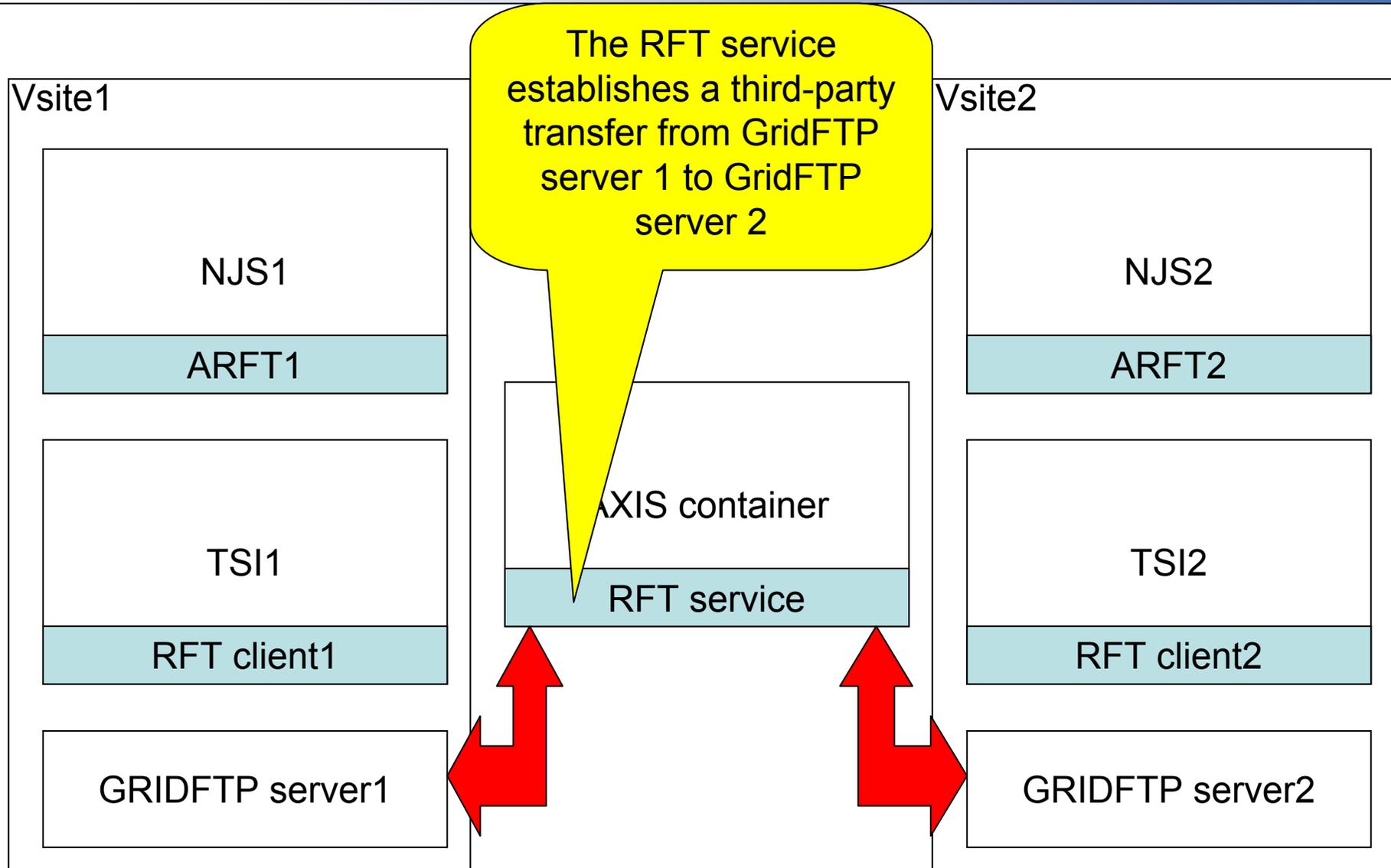
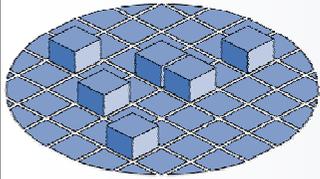


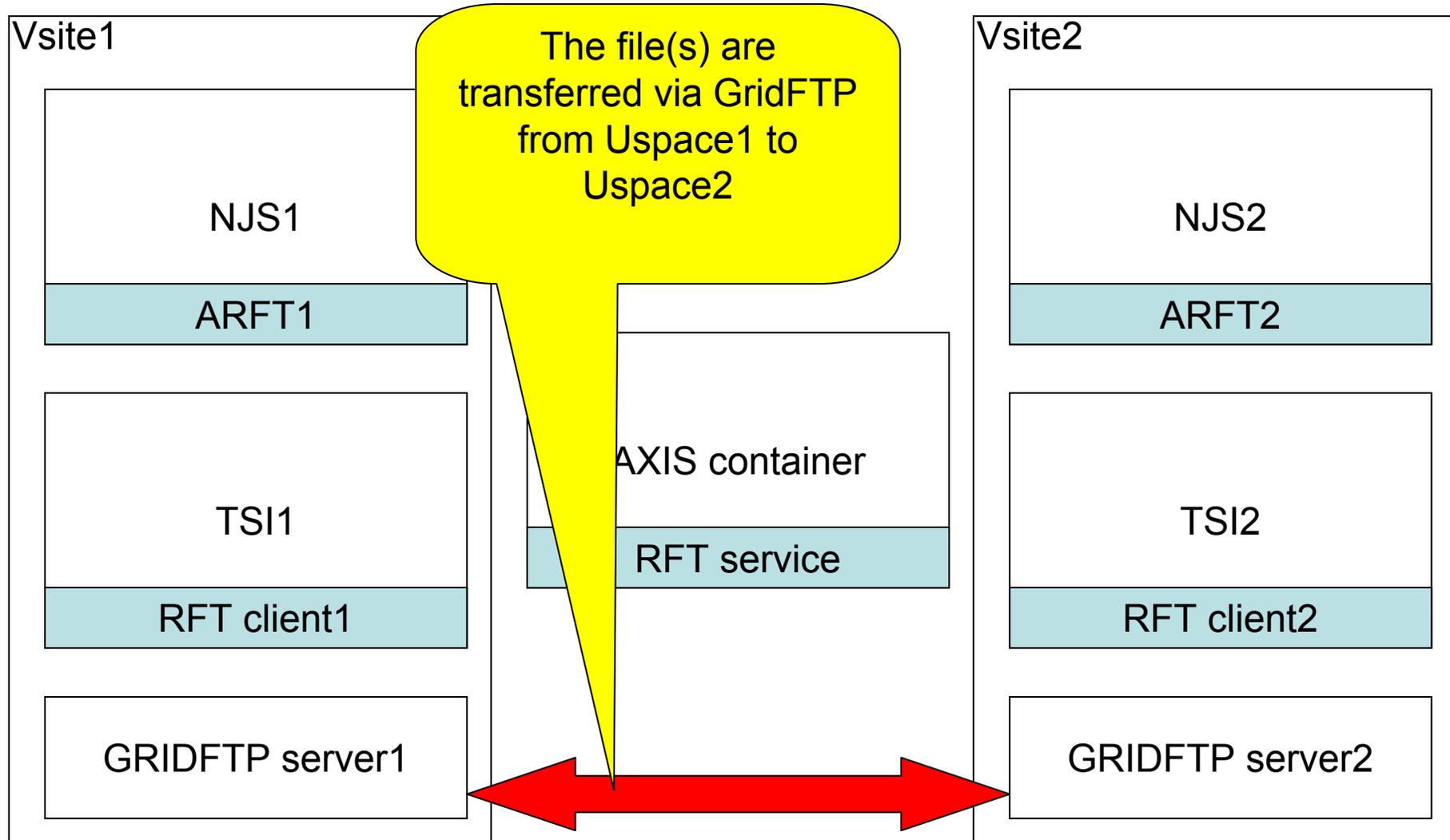
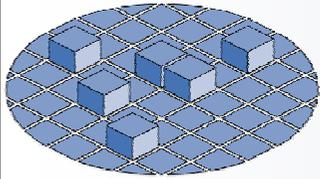


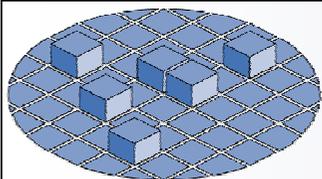






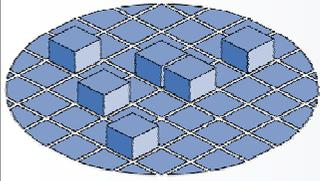




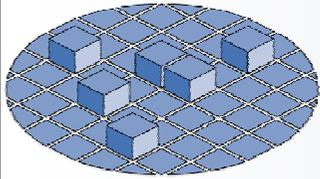


UniGrids

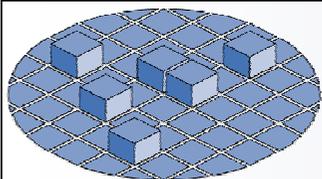
ARFT performance



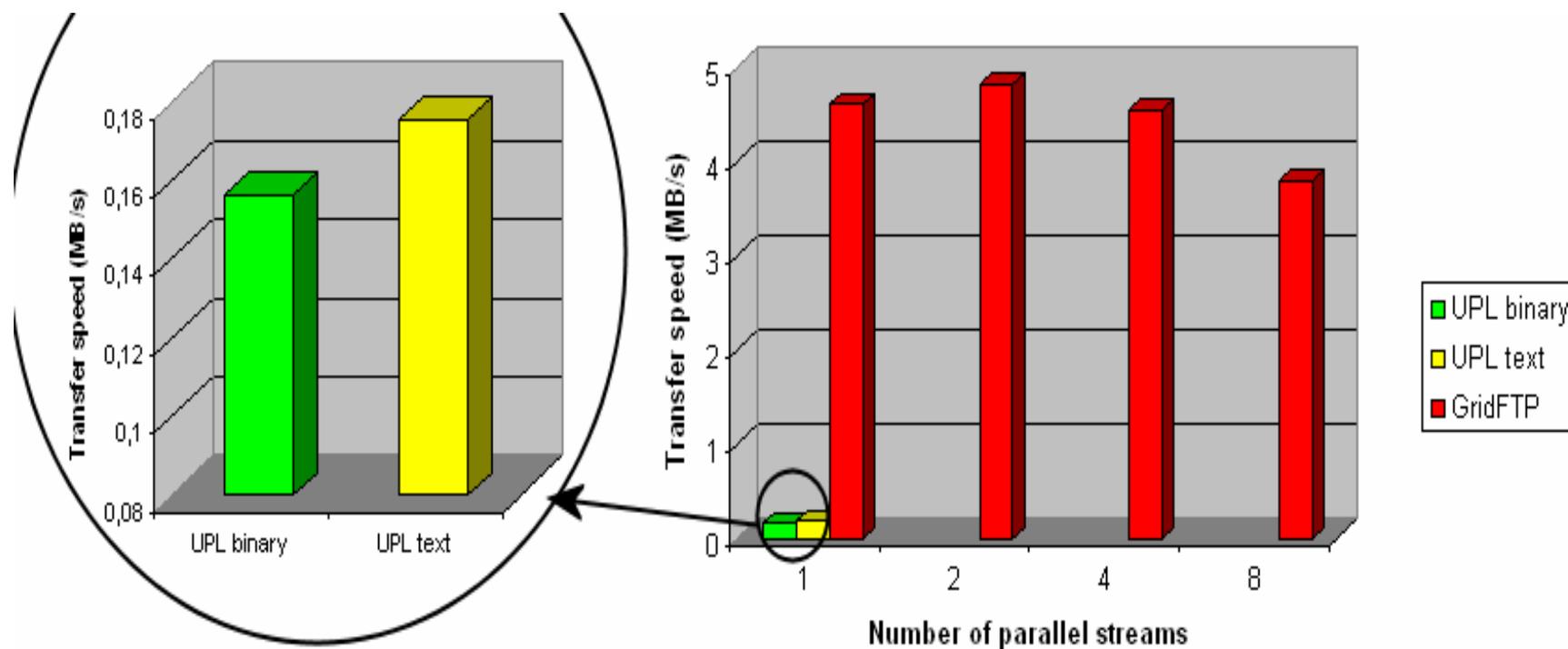
- ❏ In order to compare the performance of a file transfer via GridFTP with the performance of a file transfer via UPL, the transfer speed has been measured.
- ❏ Since UPL uses a Java ZipStream to compress data, two different file transfers for each file size have been performed with UPL: the former with a binary file with a low compression ratio (approx. 1%), the latter with a text file with periodic char sequences, with a very high compression ratio (approx. 99%).

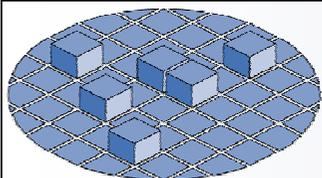


- ❏ The file sizes were 5, 15, 50, 100, 500 and 1000 MB.
- ❏ To evaluate the influence of multiple streams, each GridFTP file transfer was performed with 1,2,4 and 8 streams. Only for the 500 and 1000 MB file transfer the 16 and 32 streams configurations were tested.
- ❏ The tests have been performed over a 100 Mb LAN.

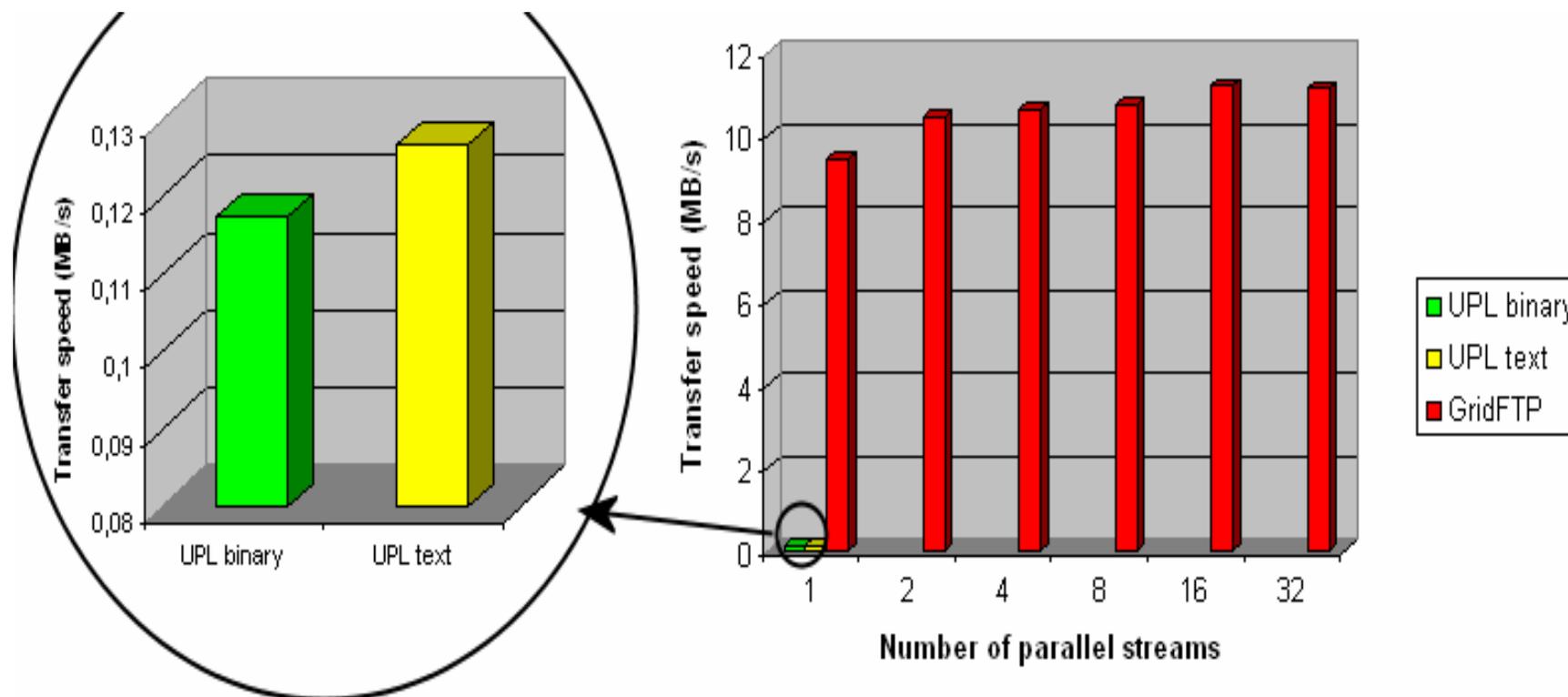


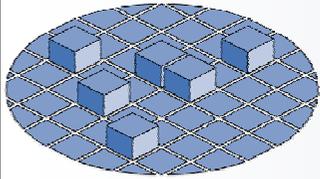
Average speed transferring 5 MB:



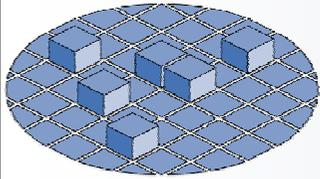


Average speed transferring 1 GB:

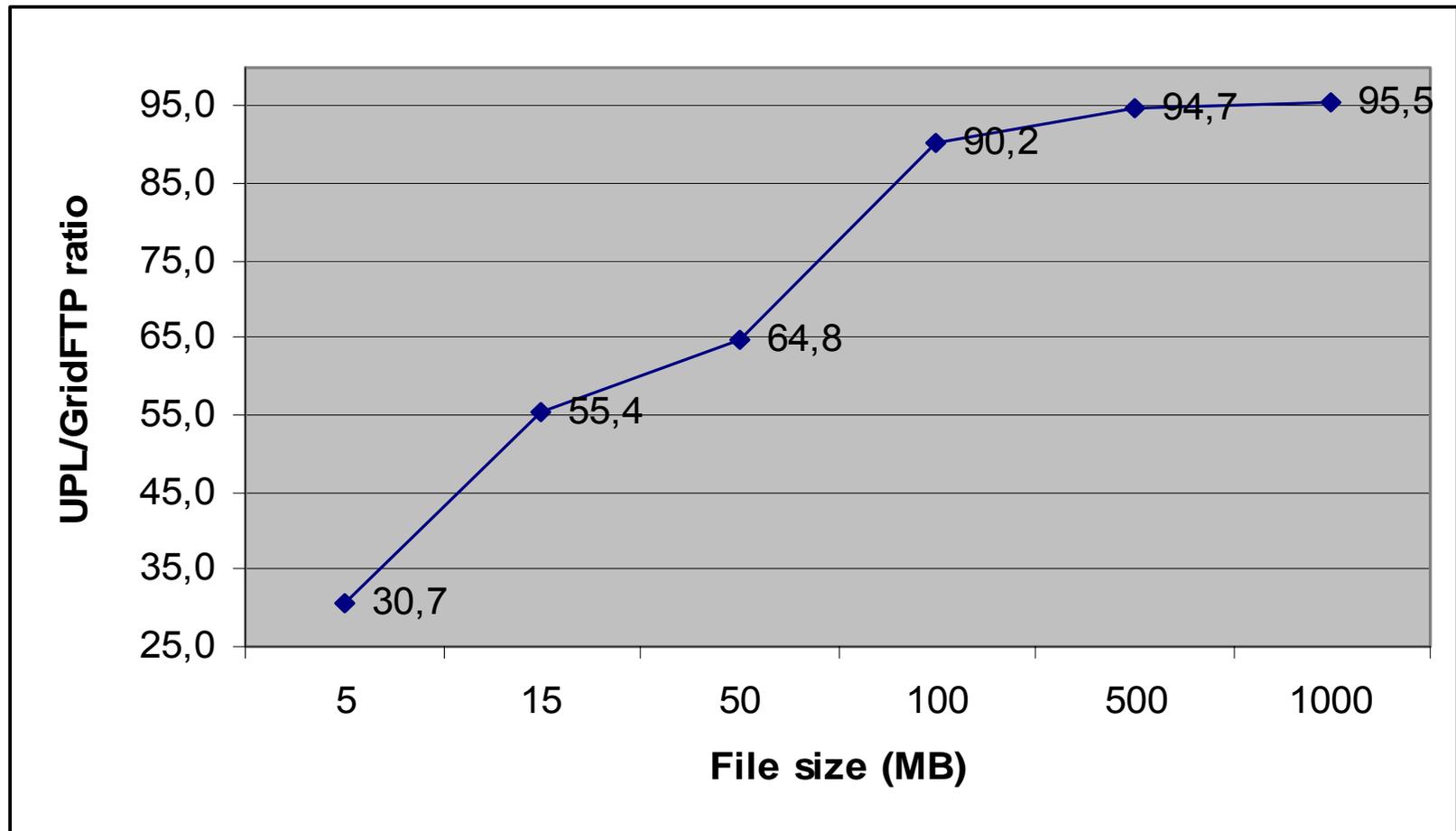


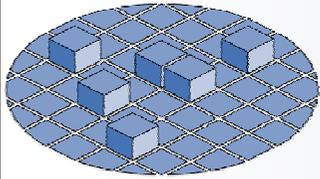


- ❏ The trend that emerges from the previous pictures is that the usage of GridFTP as an alternative to UPL is convenient even for smaller files (about 5 MB), and this convenience grows with the file size.
- ❏ For example, the transfer of a 1 GB binary file with GridFTP has proved to be 95 times faster than the UPL transfer of the same file.
- ❏ Tests over a WAN haven't been performed yet, but it's reasonable to expect a decrease of the performance gap between GridFTP and UPL .

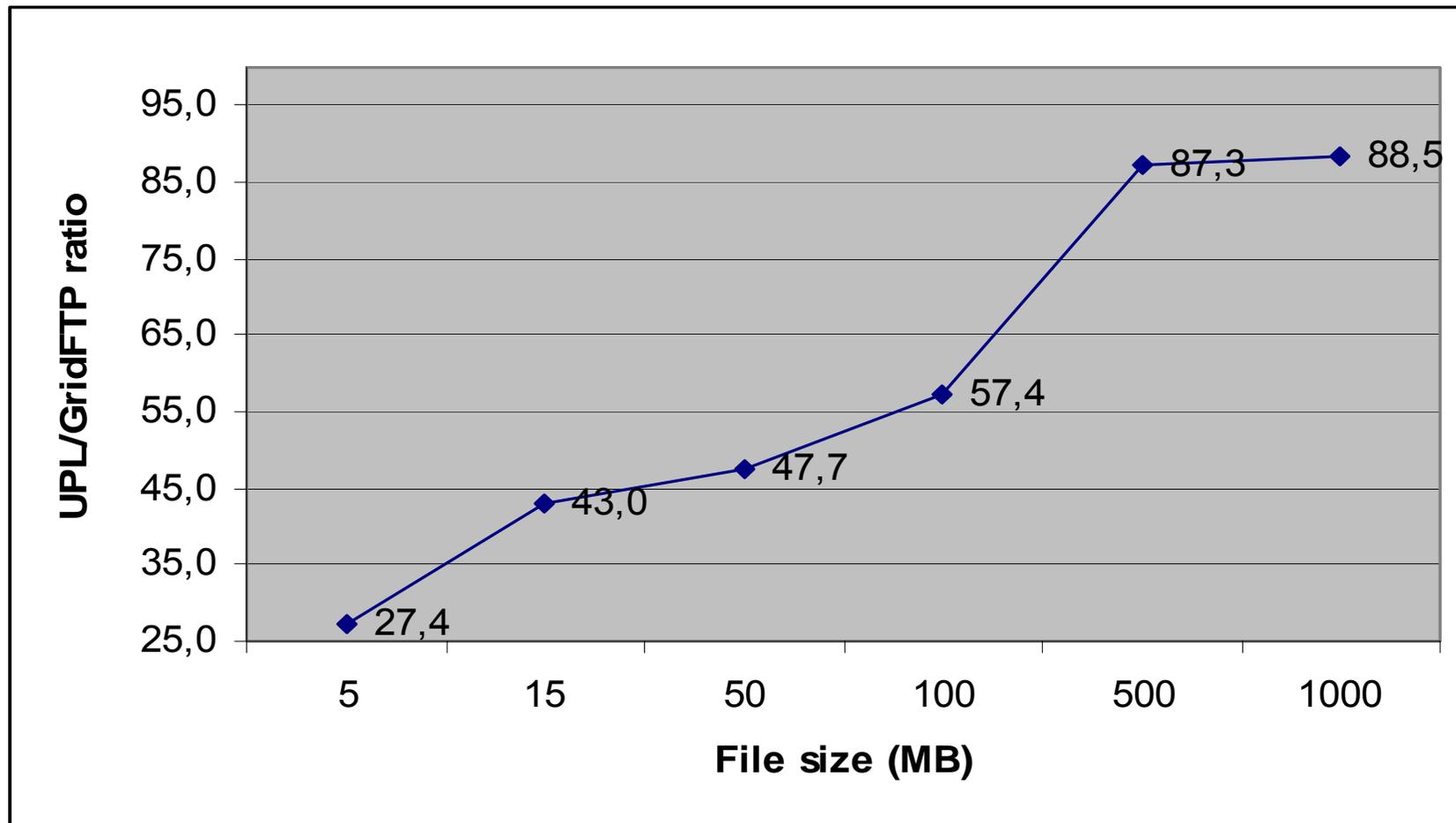


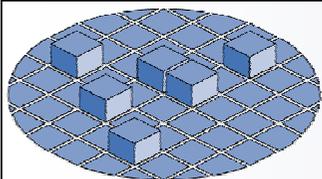
UPL/GridFTP performance ratio for binary transfers:





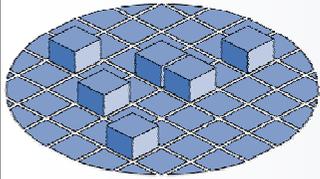
UPL/GridFTP performance ratio for ASCII transfers:



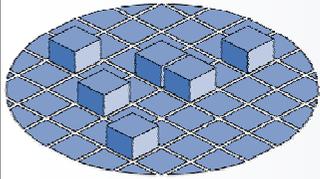


UniGrids

ARFT over “slow” connections

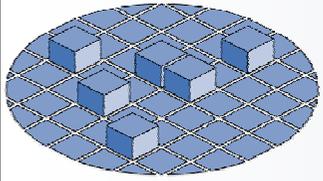


- ❏ Can data compression help to improve performance over “slow” connections?
- ❏ Several tests have been performed with big seismic data files (.segy files up to 20GB)
- ❏ Compression methods tested:
 - ◆ Zip
 - ◆ Gzip
 - ◆ Bzip2
- ❏ Compression levels tested: from 1 to 9



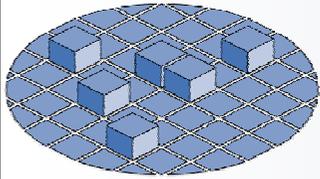
Compression tests results: ZIP & Gzip

- ❏ Zip and gzip (as expected) have similar performance
 - ◆ Average compression ratio (with segy files): 49%
 - ◆ Compression level 1 is four times faster than compression level 9, but the compression ratio is quite similar
 - ◆ The decompression time is not influenced by the compression level used before
 - ◆ Considering the overhead caused by compression and decompression, transferring a zip-compressed file with GridFTP is convenient only over networks with bandwidth ≤ 5 Mbps

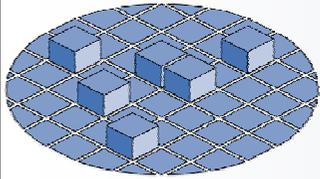


Compression tests results: bzip2

- Very good compression ratio: 60%
- But... very slow!
 - ◆ Up to 5 times slower than zip/gzip
- Transferring a bzip2-compressed file with GridFTP is convenient only over networks with bandwidth ≤ 1 Mbps



- ARFT is able to compress and decompress files before and after the GridFTP transfer
- If enabled, compression (and decompression) is transparent to the user
- Compression method currently supported: ZIP
- Other compression mechanisms are very easy to plug

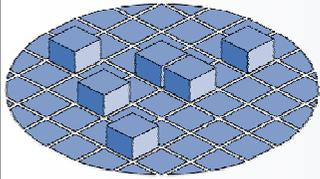


UniGrids

ARFT@sourceforge

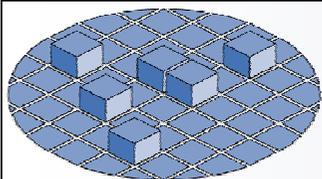
 ARFT software and documentation can be downloaded here:

<http://unicore.sourceforge.net>

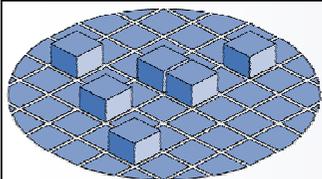


UniGrids

UNICORE & GridFTP: Current and future work



- ❏ Unicore is moving towards Web Services
- ❏ GridFTP will be integrated into UnicoreGS
- ❏ We are now working to integrate GridFTP capabilities into the UnicoreGS client
- ❏ Java COG-Kit libraries are used in order to allow to a client to move data to and from UnicoreGS TSS using GridFTP



UniGrids

Thank you!