

Easy to use

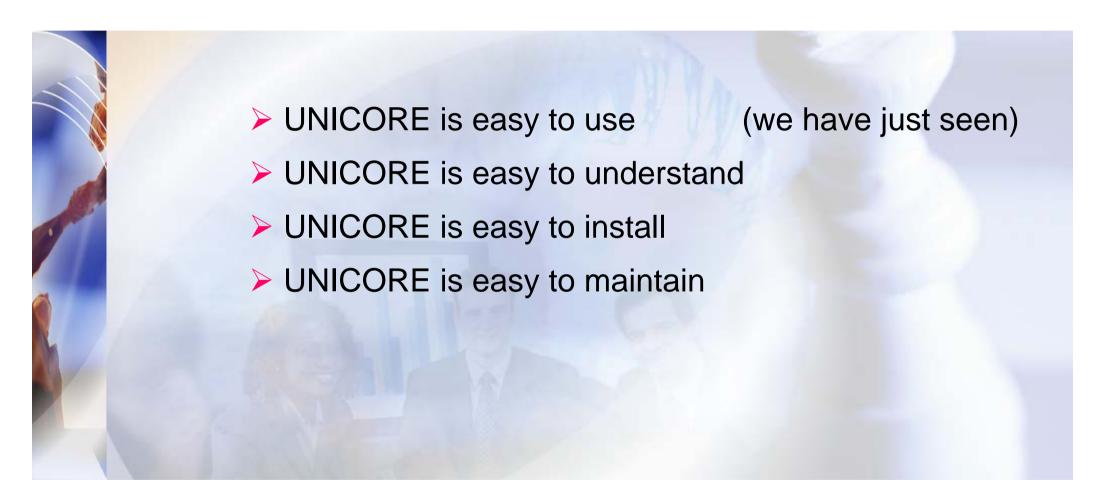
Thanks for listening to all of You,

which share the view of our customers ©

UNICORE is such as easy to use!



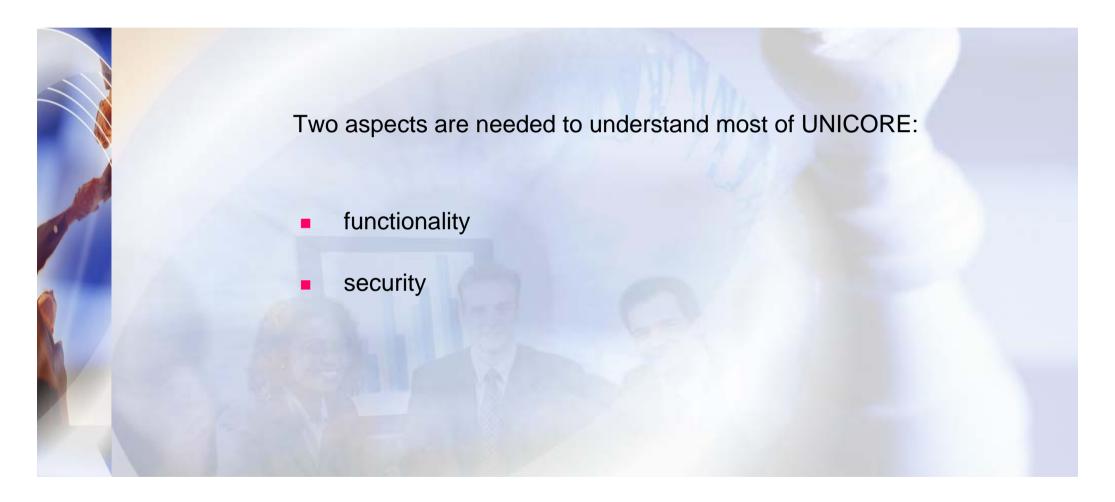
Easy to do: What next?



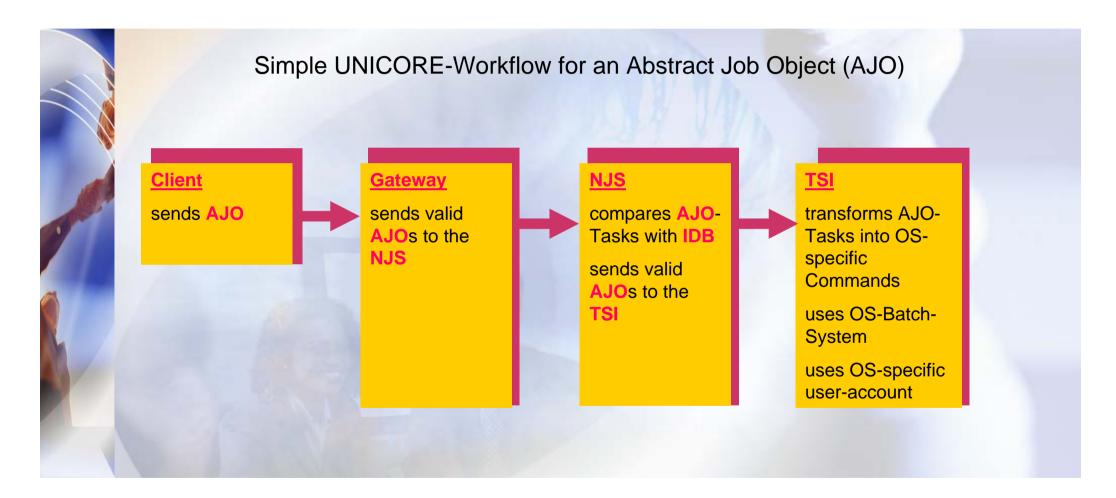
Easy to do: What next?



Easy to understand



Easy to understand: functionality





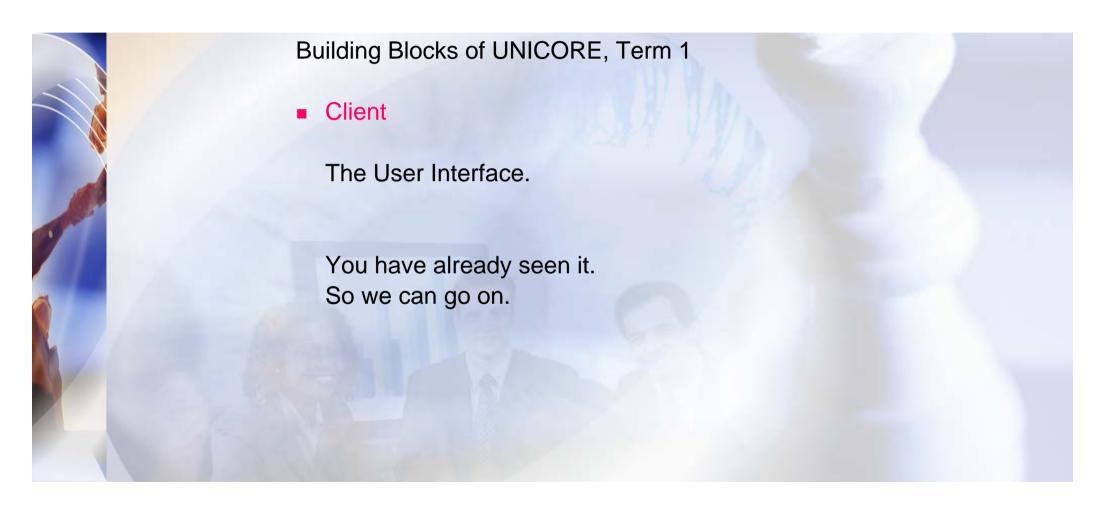
Easy to understand: functionality

UNICORE Vocabulary (the 9 technical terms) at a glance

- Client
- AJO (Abstract Job Object), messages between client and server
- Server Infrastructure
 - Gateway to USite (UNICORE Site)
 - NJS (Network Job Supervisor) manages
 - UUDB (Unicore User Database)
 - IDB (Incarnation Database)
 - TSI (Target System Interfac) on a VSite (virtual server)



Easy to understand: functionality



Easy to understand: functionality

Building Blocks of UNICORE, Term 2

AJO (Abstract Job Object)

This one contains either your requests or your results.

The UNICORE-client first sends the AJO to the target, i.e. the Grid-Resource on the server side, that you asked for.

The target sends the AJO back at the client, when you are asking for your results.

Because of its nature, UNICORE-users and maintainers mostly do not notice, that it exists. Only code-diggers see, that it is there.



Easy to understand: functionality

Building Blocks of UNICORE, Terms 3 and 4

IDB (Incarnation Database)
 Data description of the target:
 The IDB describes the available resources at the target system.

TSI (Target System Interface)
 Funtional description of the target:
 The functional layer works on the target system and connects the real world operating system with the abstract UNICORE world.



Easy to understand: functionality

Building Blocks of UNICORE, Terms 5 and 6

- UUDB (Unicore User Database)
 This database contains a table, which connects your certificate (i.e. your UNICORE-identity) with your user account on the operating system of the target.
- NJS (Network Job Supervisor)
 This code works like a servant of your UNICORE-task.

On the front side, he identifies you, talks to your client and (if satisfied) writes down, what your wishes are.

On the back side he acts as a shepherd, when your (sheepish?) task is handed over to the TSI of the target system.



Easy to understand: functionality

Building Blocks of UNICORE, NJS and its Databases

NJS

Network Job Supervisor uses the

- UUDB Unicore User
 Database
- IDB IncarnationDatabase

<u>UUDB</u>

UNICORE User
Database
connects in a table
the Certificates with
the OS-specific

Certificate 1	User-Account 1
Certificate 2	User-Account 2
Certificate n	User-Account n

<u>IDB</u>

Incarnation Database describes Resources of the Target System

Target has 16 CPU's with 2,4GHz

Target has 2 GByte of Memory
...

Target has Fortran installed



Easy to understand: functionality

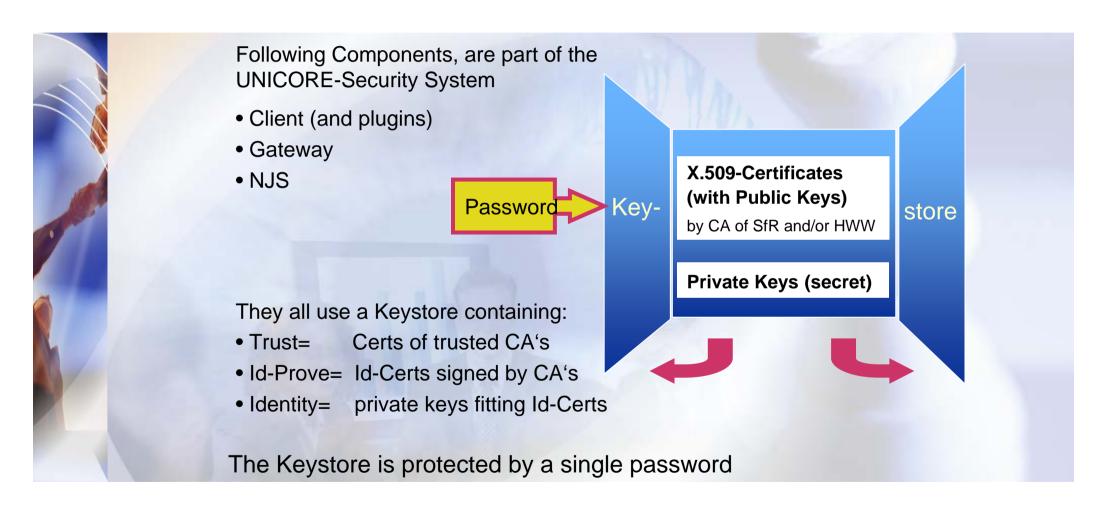
Building Blocks of UNICORE, Terms 7, 8 and 9

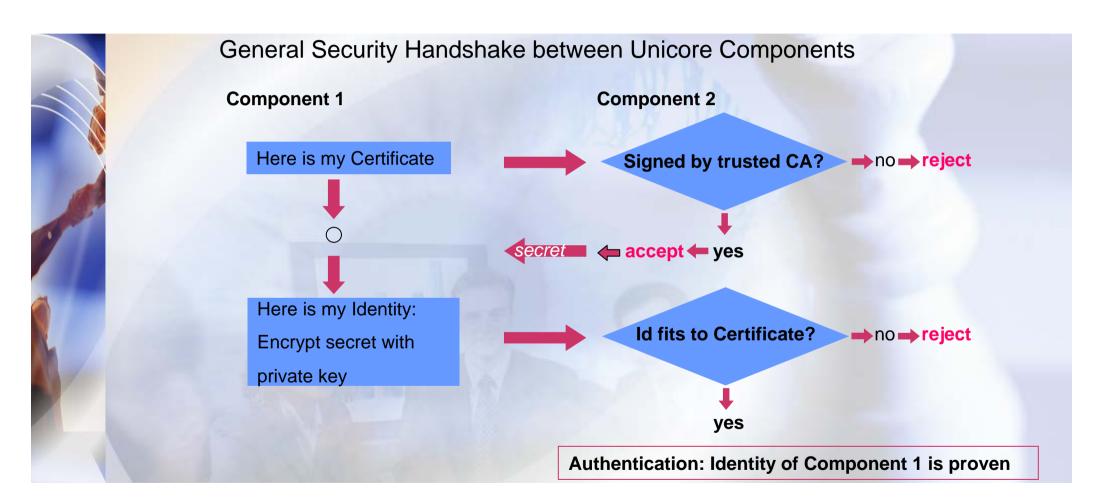
- Vsite (Virtual Site)
 a server with its hardware and software, with least a TSI and the IDB is available, is called Vsite
- Usite (Unicore Site)
 a collection of Vsites in an intranet behind a firewall is called Usite
- UNICORE-Gateway
 the guard placed in the DMZ of a firewall, which pre-checks incoming AJO's.

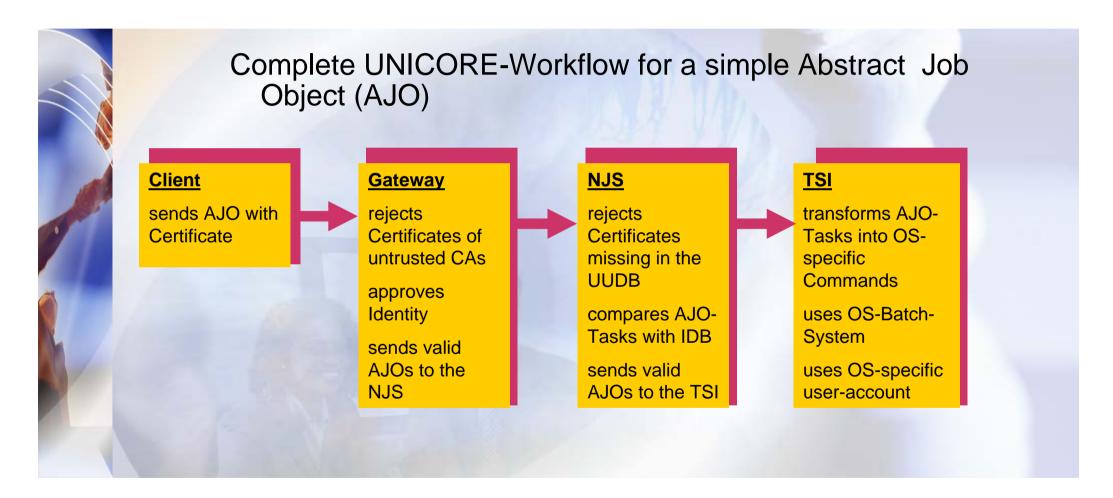




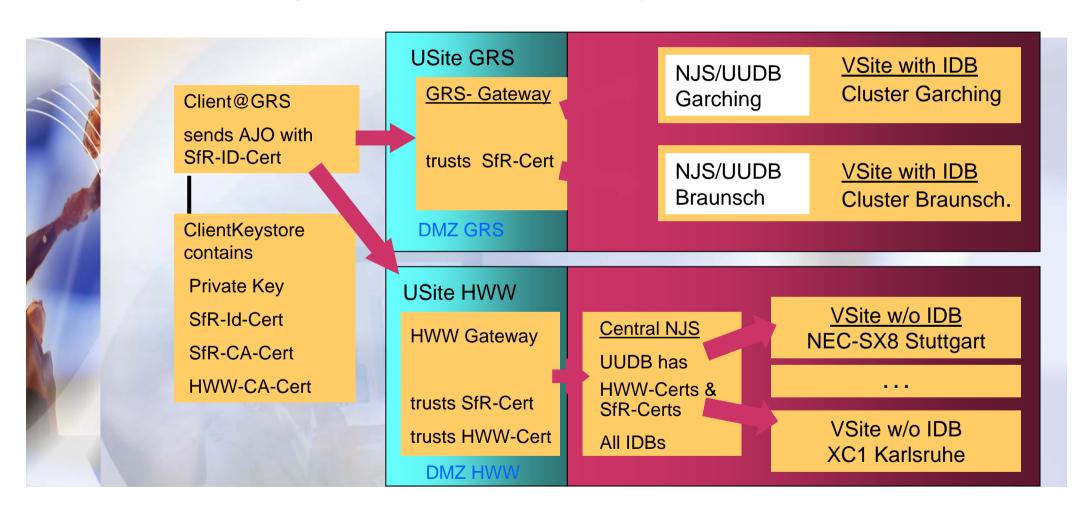






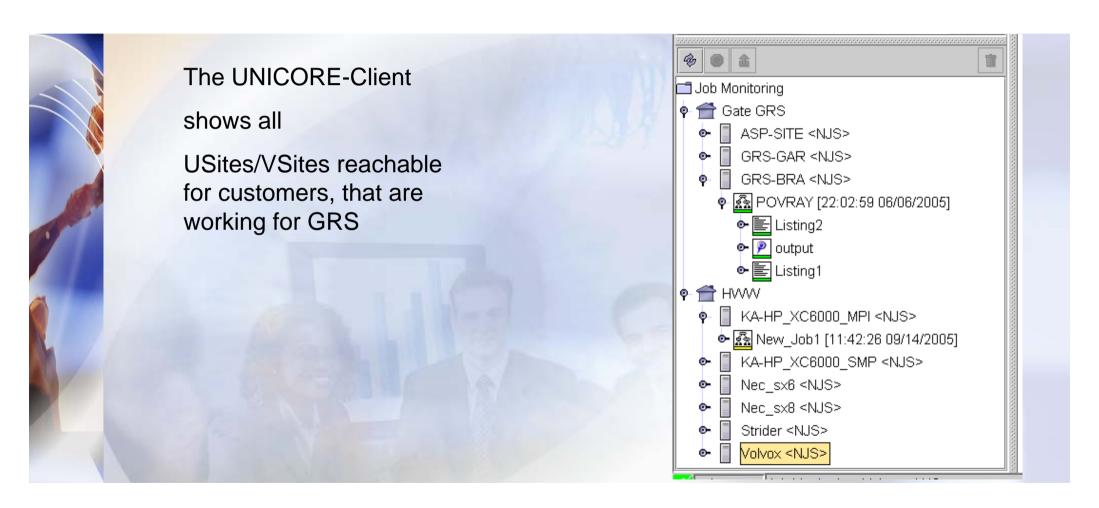


Easy to understand: example GRS and HWW





Easy to understand: example GRS and HWW

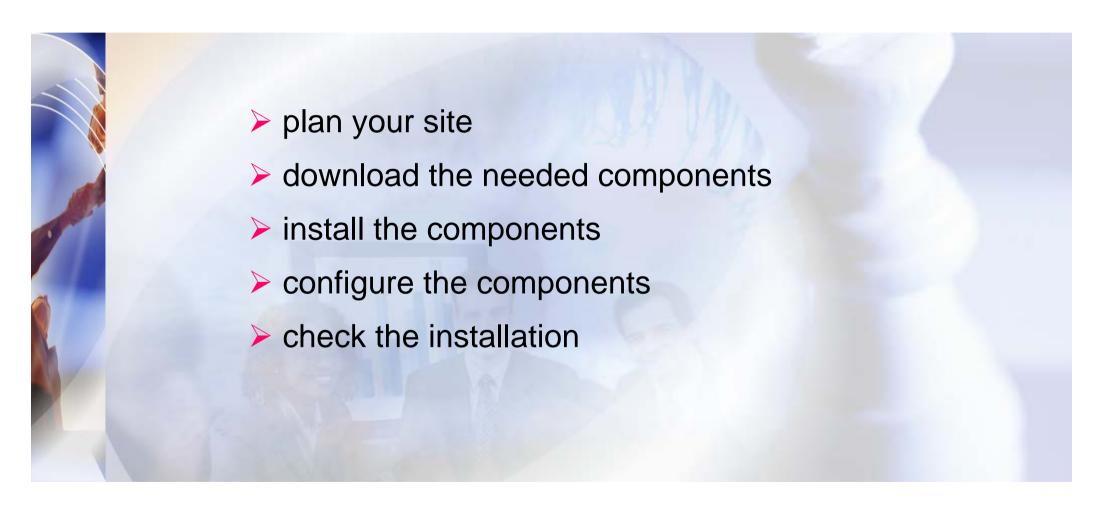




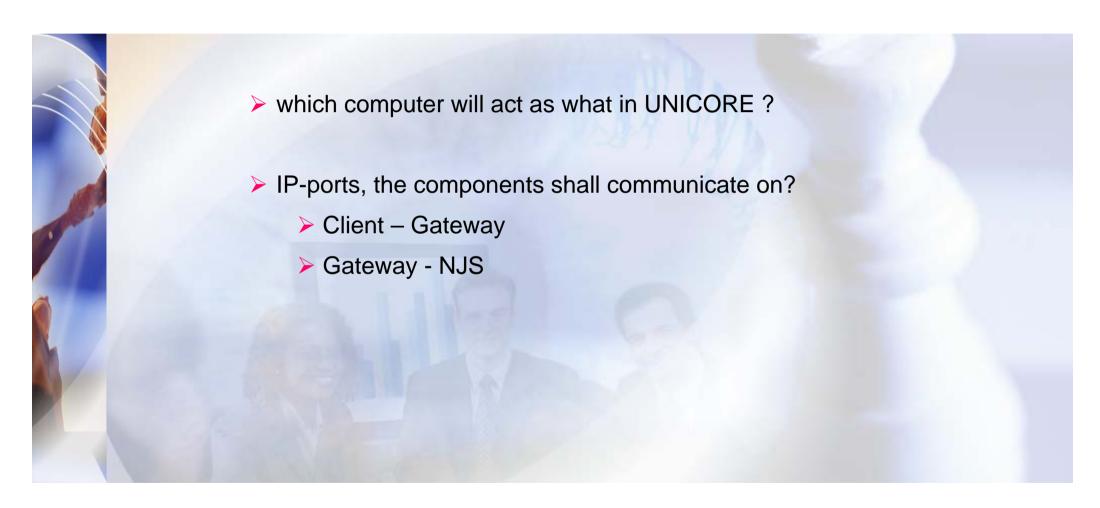
Easy to do: What next?



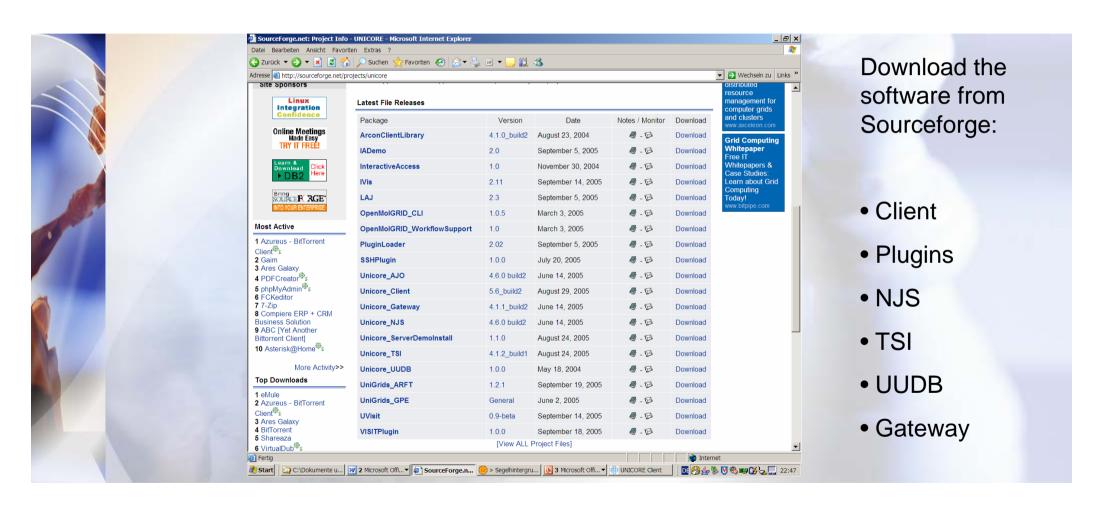
Easy to install



Easy to install: Plan your Site



Easy to install: Download the Software



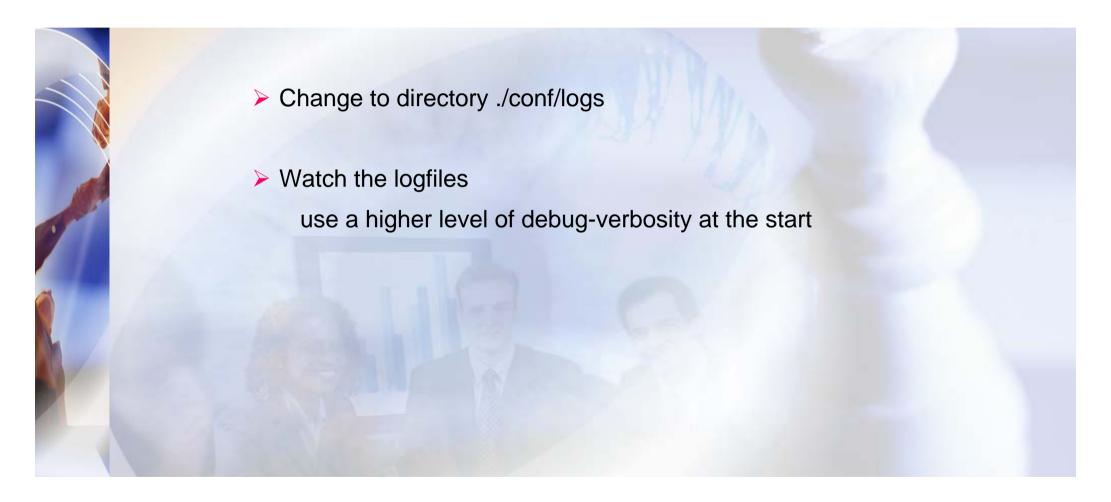
Easy to install: Install the Components



Easy to install: Configure the Server Parts



Easy to install: Check the Installation



Easy to do: What next?



Easy to maintain



Easy to maintain: Monitoring

Monitoring the System

Use external tools

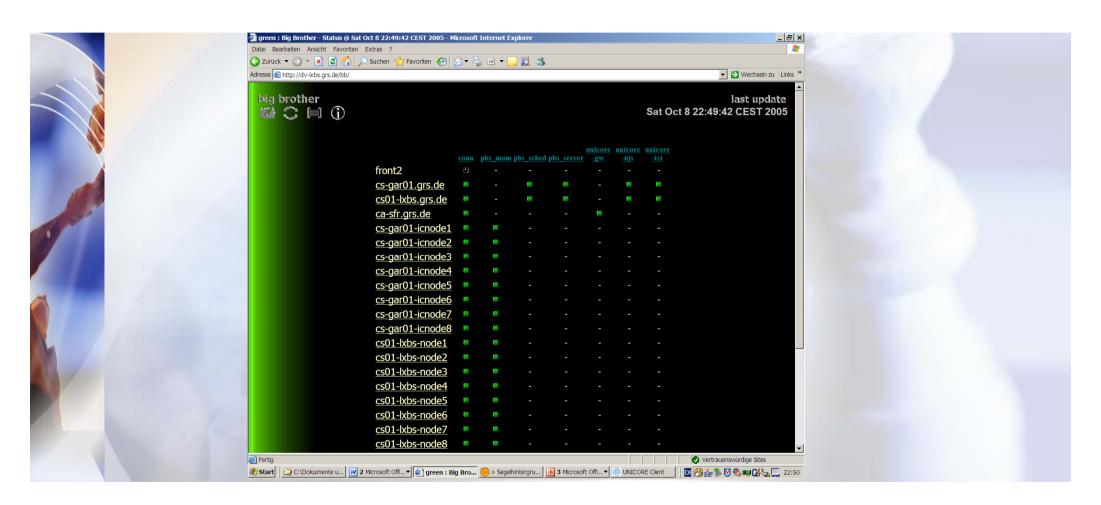
- Big Brother (DWD, GRS)
- Nagios (GRS and HWW; with reporting)

our experience:

OS-specific tools break much more often, than UNICORE does



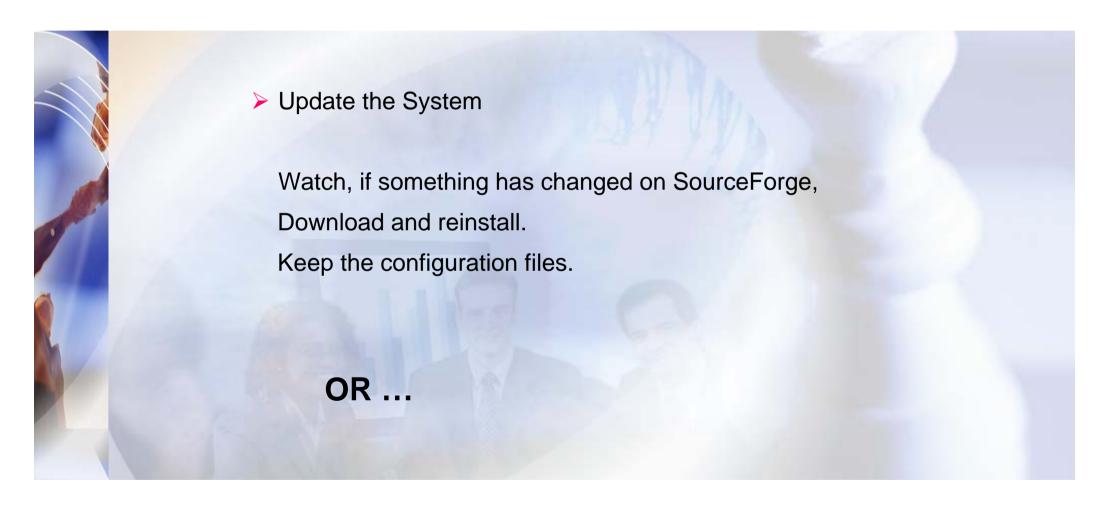
Easy to maintain: Monitoring with Big Brother





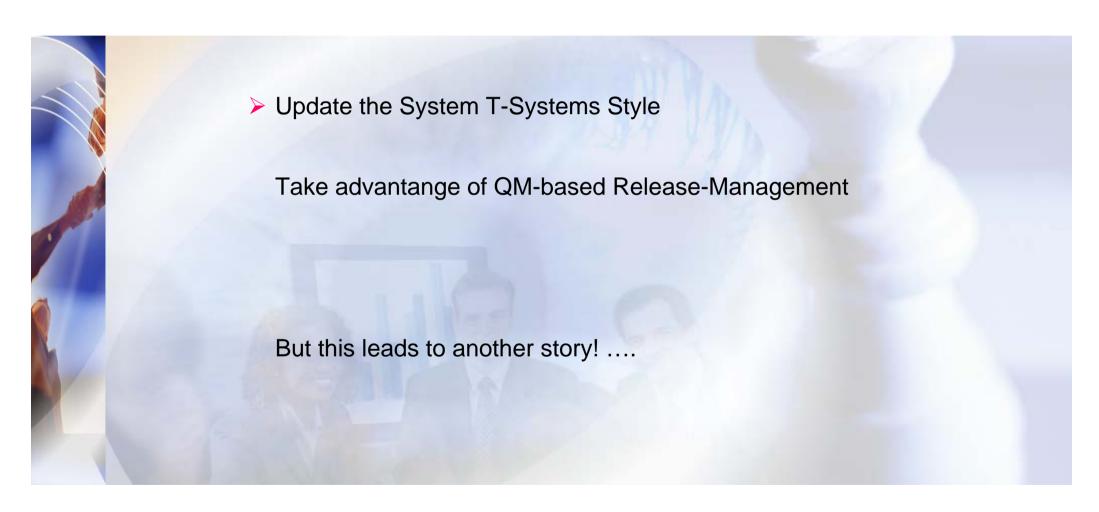
UNICORE in Production

Easy to maintain: Update



UNICORE in Production

Easy to maintain: Quality Managed Update



UNICORE in Production

Is Easy to do





Release Management for UNICORE

1. Customer Aspects

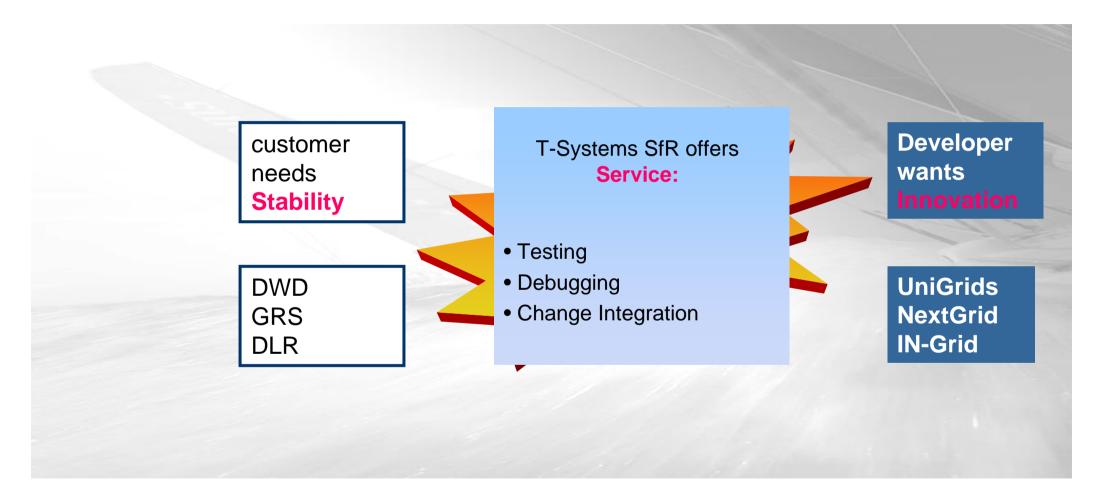
 Deliver innovative and stable GRID-Software to the customer (just an update)

2. Developer Aspects

- Synoptical check of UniGrids with prerequisite packages
- Formalize dependencies and versioning
- Early warning system of malfunctions
- Continous Integration Tool: Apache Gump



Release Management: Customer Aspects (just an update)



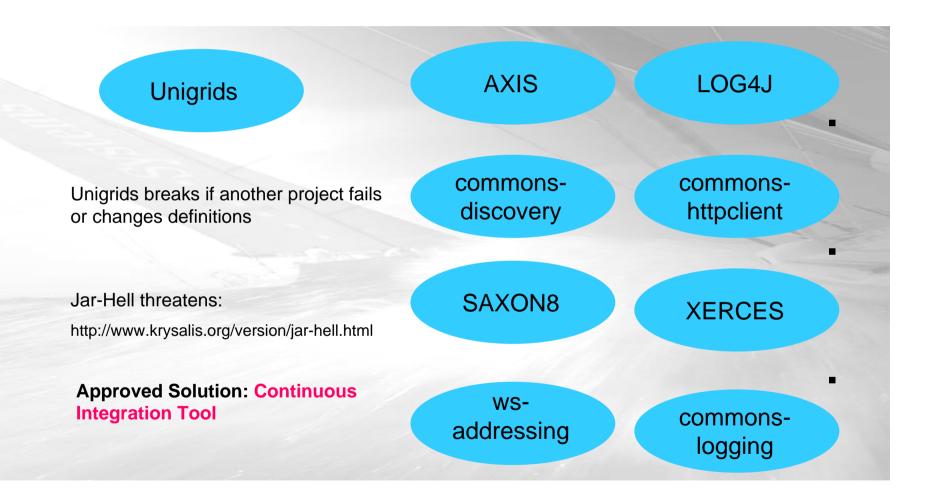


Release Management: Developer Aspects





Release Management: Developer Aspects





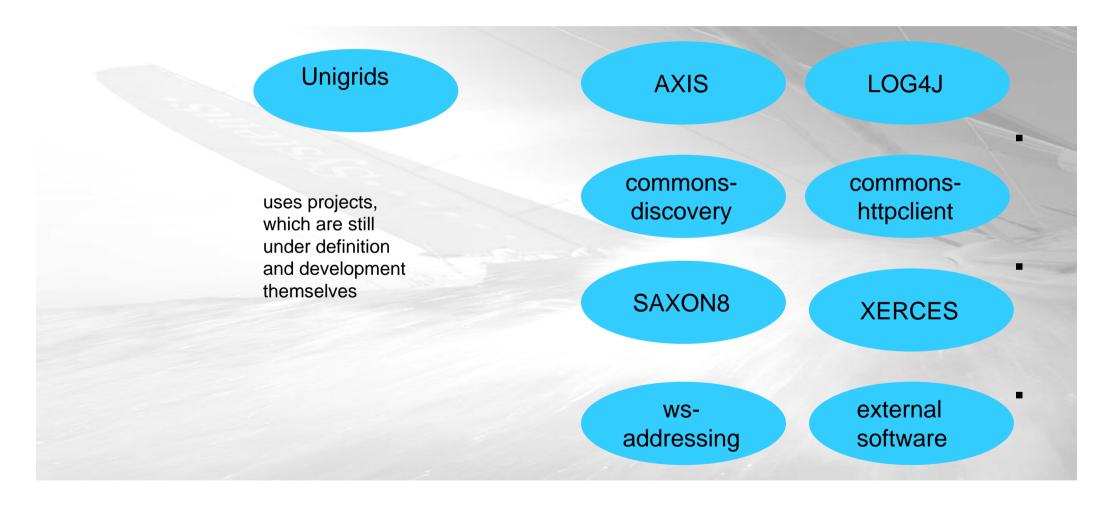
Release Management Solution: Continuous Integration Tools

There are many Continuous Integration Tools

- CruiseControl
- DamageControl
- Tinderbox
- BuildBot
- Anthill
- BeetleJuice
- LuntBuild
- Gump (Apache) <= Unigrids depends on Apache-Projects mostly
- Draco.NET
- Continuum
- Sin
- Parabuild

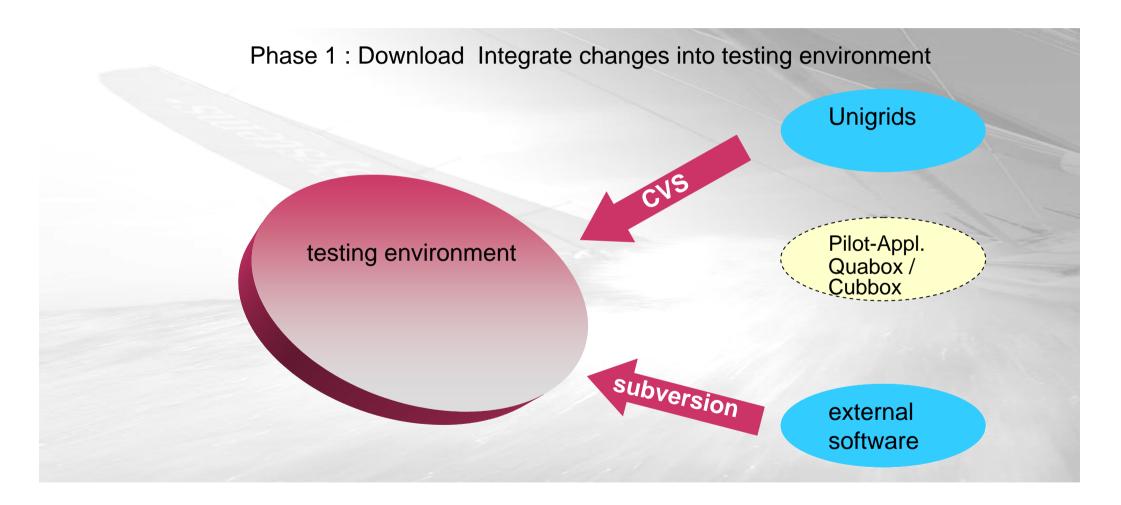


Release Management: How Gump works





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Release Management: How Gump works

Phase 2: Build- and functionality

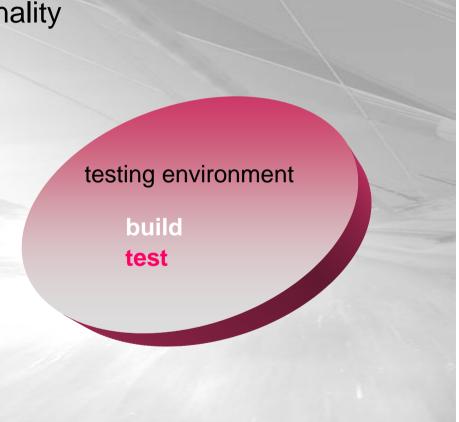
Testing

building tools

- ant
- maven
- make

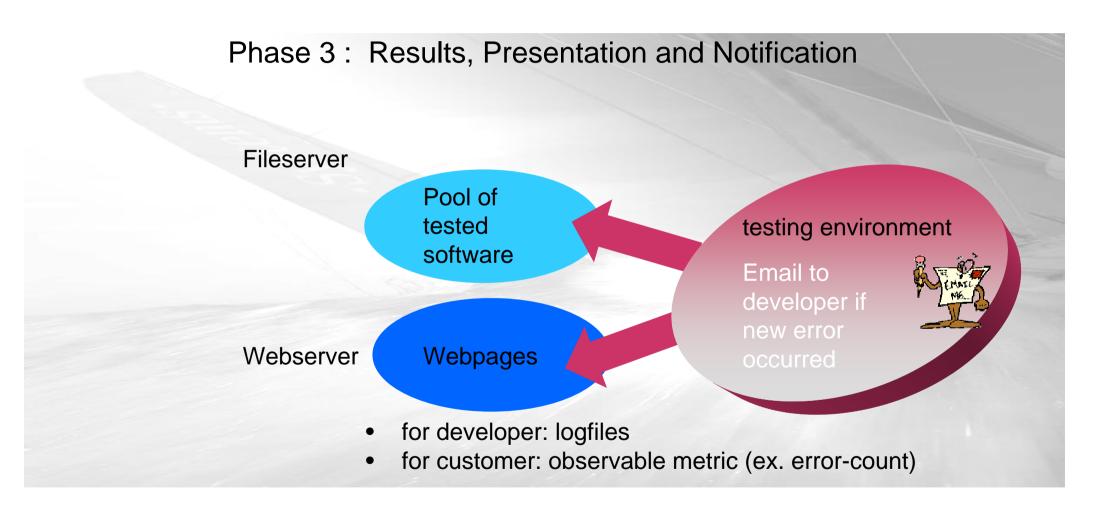
testing tools

- junit
- user defined





Release Management: How Gump works





Release Management: Work already done with Gump

For Phase 1: Download

Description of Repositories

For Phase 2: Building and Testing

 Description of Unicore/UniGrids Package Dependencies

For Phase 3: Results, Presentation and Notification

Web-Server

http://tdb.grs.de/gump (URL will change)

 File-Server with central Download-Pool for the Customers is in Preparation





T··Systems···

Solutions for Research GmbH

mailto: Gert.Ohme@t-systems.com

Internet: http://t-systems.com