



## Runtime Administration

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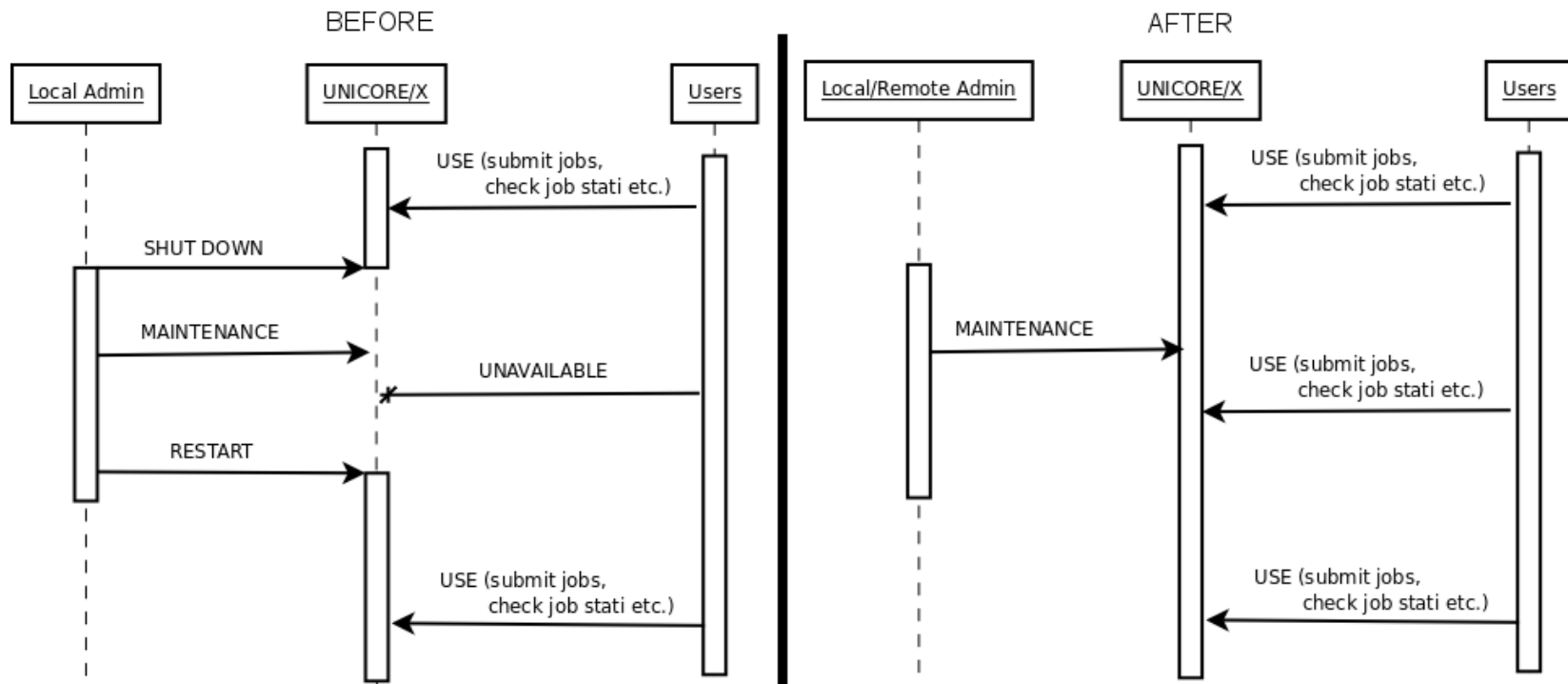


# Runtime Administration – Why, How?

- ▶ Why?
  - ▶ Minimize service interruption due to maintenance and management actions
- ▶ How?
  - ▶ Dynamic UNICORE service deployment
  - ▶ Reconfiguration at runtime
  - ▶ System health monitoring via metrics

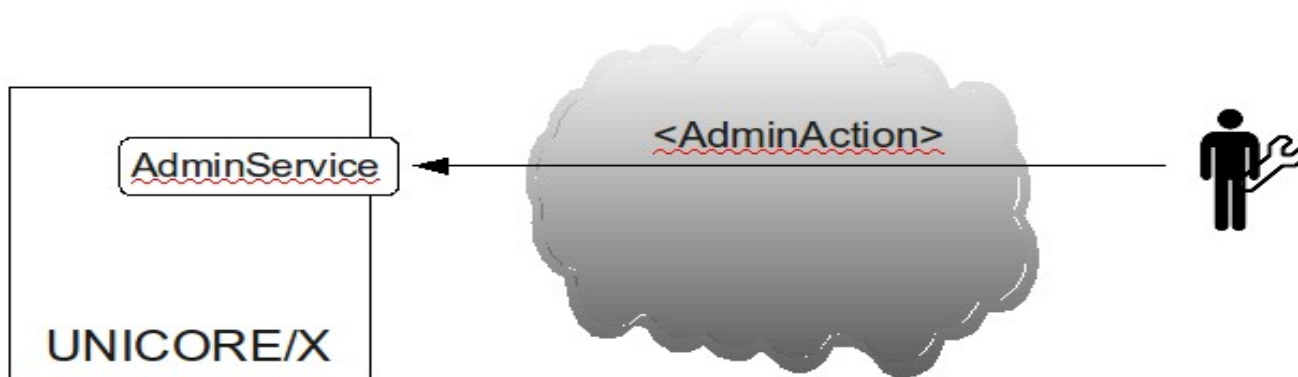
# Runtime Administration – Benefits

- ▶ Reduce service interruption due to maintenance & management actions
  - ▶ Service deployment, configuration change
- ▶ Remote admin access via Web service
  - ▶ Leverages existing UNICORE security



# Runtime Administration – The Big Picture

- ▶ Runtime administration capabilities exposed via Web service: *AdminService*



## AdminAction

- services: list, (un)deploy
- WS-Resources: list, delete
- modify configuration
- retrieve metrics

# Solution – Overview

- ▶ Dynamic UNICORE service deployment
  - ▶ Provide a deployment package (JAR file + deployment descriptions)
- ▶ Reconfiguration at runtime
  - ▶ Modify remotely accessible properties
  - ▶ Optional: property value transitions trigger predefined actions
- ▶ Metrics for system health
  - ▶ Source code instrumentation of UNICORE
  - ▶ Using a lightweight Java metric framework
- ▶ Usability of the above
  - ▶ UNICORE Rich Client Plugin: *AdminDashboard*

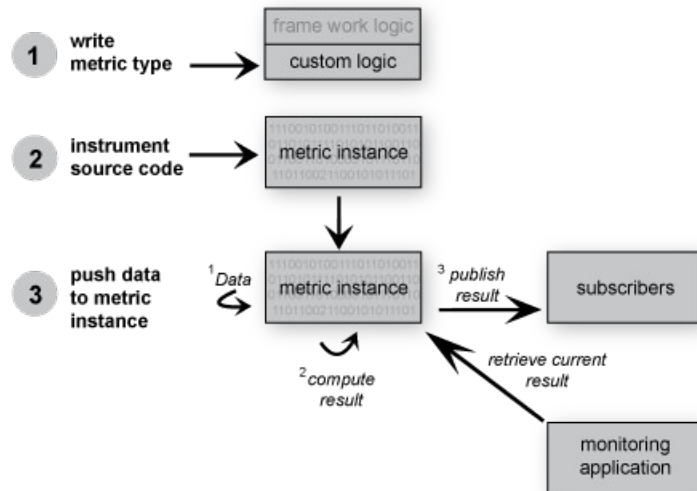
# Solution – Details 1/3

- ▶ Dynamic UNICORE service deployment
  - ▶ Two modes of deployment
    - ▶ Remotely via *AdminService*
    - ▶ Locally via *AutomaticDeployment* thread (periodically checks for new deployment packages in local directory)
- ▶ Distinction in two service types
  - ▶ Core: UNICORE Atomic Services; can't be (un)deployed at runtime
  - ▶ Plugin: can be (un)deployed at runtime
- ▶ Reconfiguration at runtime
  - ▶ Modify property value
  - ▶ Optional: add *PropertyChangeListener* per property (via config file)
    - ▶ Contains logic to react on value changes (essentially a state machine)

# Solution – Details 2/3

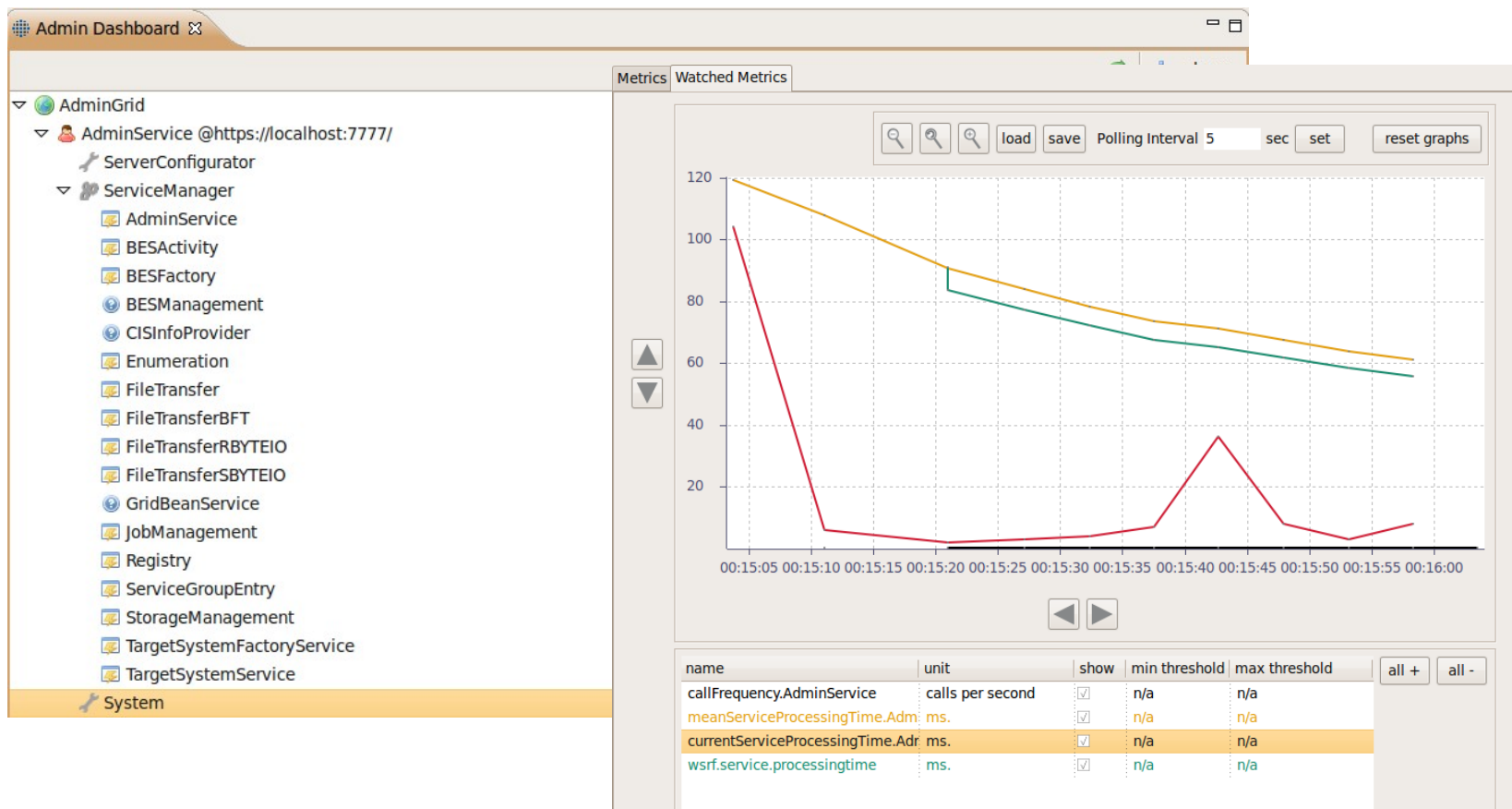
## ▶ Metrics

- ▶ Employing *metriX* (a lightweight in-house Java metric framework)
- ▶ Write custom metric types, only focus on actual processing logic
- ▶ Source code instrumentation
  - ▶ Deploy metric instances
  - ▶ Optional: tag with categories
- ▶ Retrieve metric instances by ID and/or categories via *AdminService*



# Solution – Details 3/3

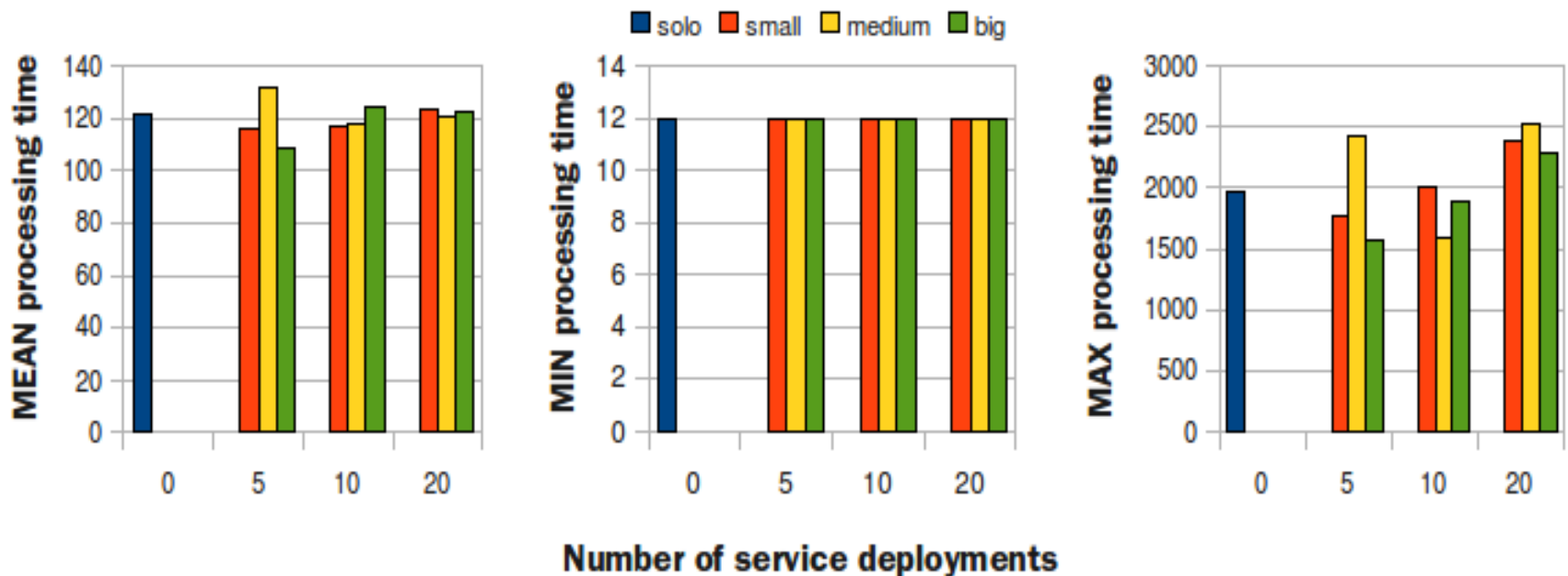
- ▶ AdminDashboard
  - ▶ Powerful user interface
  - ▶ Exposes *AdminService* functionality (see demo)





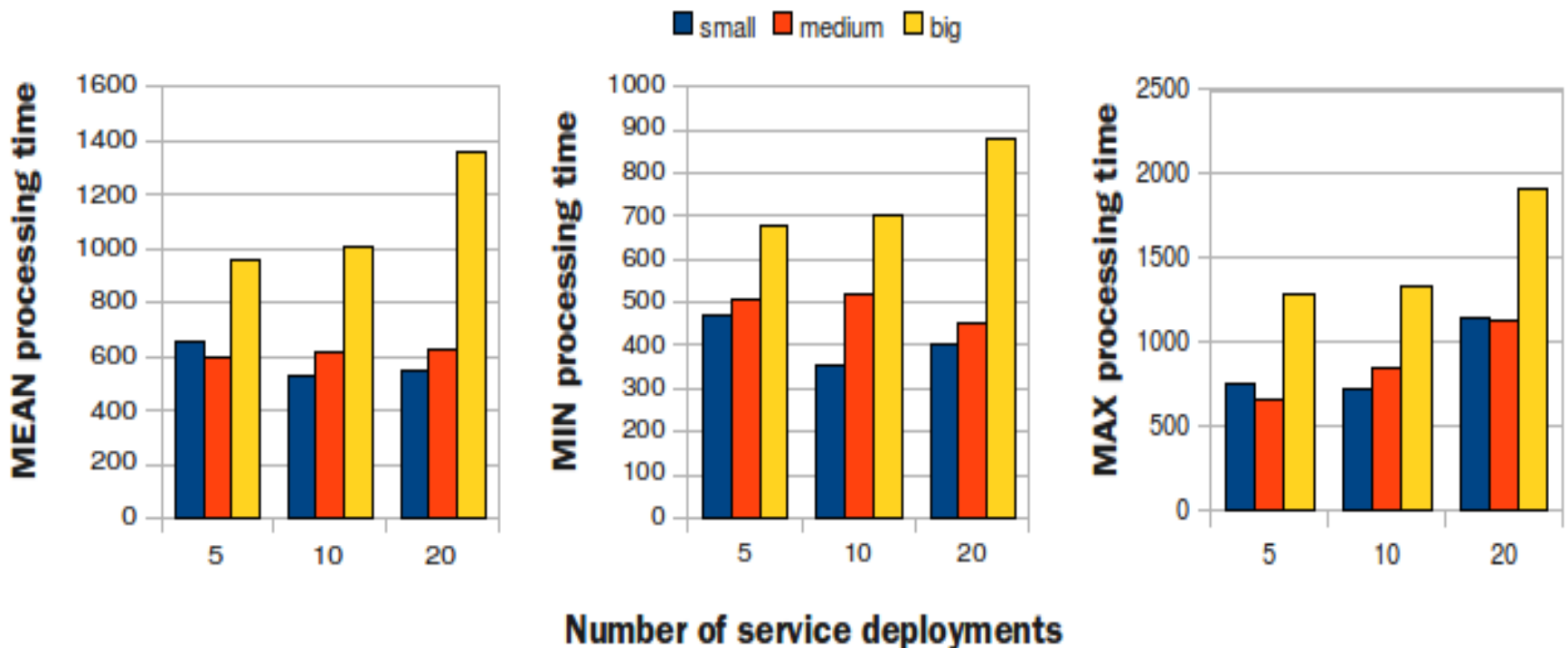
# Solution – Results 1/2

- ▶ Testing by instrumenting UNICORE with metrics
  - ▶ MEAN, MIN, MAX processing times of `TargetSystemService.getResourceProperty()`
- ▶ Performance impact of dynamic service deployment on UNICORE
  - ▶ Load generator stressing TSS with 10000 read requests



# Solution – Results 2/2

- ▶ Testing by instrumenting UNICORE with metrics
  - ▶ MEAN, MIN, MAX processing times of `AdminService.deployService()`
- ▶ Scalability of dynamic service deployment on idle UNICORE



# Solution – Conclusion & Future Work

- ▶ Dynamic service deployment
  - ▶ Service package attached to SOAP message of deployment request
  - ▶ Sub-optimal: more than ~ 4 MB / package can cause Heap Space Errors
- ▶ Solution
  - ▶ Decouple service package upload from deployment request
    - ▶ Use datastream-based mechanisms
  - ▶ Proposal: make dynamic deployment request three-stepped
    - ▶ 1. notify UNICORE of deployment intention
    - ▶ 2. upload service package
    - ▶ 3. deploy